Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 4. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1859. NO. 43.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (16 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two " (32 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (48 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

After three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less,	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square,	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column,	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column,	14 00	25 00	40 00

Administrators and Executors' Notices, 1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change, 10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines, with paper, per year, 5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired will be continued till forbid and charged accordingly.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

J. M. GEMMILL, M. D. J. M. GEMMILL, M. D.

DRS. GOOD & GEMMILL HAVING entered into Partnership in the Practice of Medicine, respectfully tender their services to the Public in the several branches of their Profession.

Calls will be answered either day or night at their office which is the same as heretofore occupied by Drs. Hirst & Good—at the Logan House.

April 21st, 1859-6m

W. M. LLOYD & CO., *ALTOONA, PA.*,
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO., *HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.*,

BANKERS.

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Money received on deposite, payable on demand, or at fixed interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 24, 1859.

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!! The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry respected. ALEX. F. McKINNEY.

OMAHOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

Jan. 13, 1859-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. Clark, Altoona, Pa.
Wm. M. Lloyd & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCrum & Dern, Editors, "
Thos. A. Scott, Supt. P. R. R., "
P. McMurtrie, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

J. D. LEET, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ALTOONA, BLAIR Co. Pa.,

Will practice law in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Clearfield, Centre and adjoining counties.—Also in the District Court of the United States.

Collections of claims promptly attended to. Agent for the sale of Real Estate, Bounty Land Warrants, and all business pertaining to conveyancing and the law.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Wilson McCandless and Andrew Burke, Esq., Pittsburgh; Hon. Samuel A. Gilmore, Pres. Judge of Fayette Judicial District; Hon. Chenard Clemens, of Wheeling, Va.; Hon. Henry D. Foster, Greensburg; Hon. John W. Killinger, Lebanon; Hon. Wm. A. Porter, Philadelphia; and Hon. George P. Hamelton, Pittsburg. June 16, 1859-1y.

DENTISTRY.—DR. S. KIMMELL, *OPERATIVE & MECHANICAL DENTIST.*

Teeth inserted, from one to a full set, on Gold or Silver Plate

Teeth filled with Gold, and warranted for ten years.

Teeth Extracted by the Electro Magnetic Machine without Pain.

All operations and work done cheaper than anywhere else in the county, and a deduction made, of the railroad expense from Altoona to Hollidaysburg, from all operations amounting to five dollars and over.

☞ Office on Montgomery street, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [Dec. 16, 1858-1y

W. R. BOYERS, *ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,* ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon and Indiana counties.

Particular attention given to the collection of Claims, and prompt remittances made.

He speaks the German language fluently.

☞ Office, for the present, with J. M. Cherry, Esq., opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

Altoona, August 4, 1859.—tf

WM. S. BITTNER, SURGEON DENTIST.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE. Teeth extracted without pain by the Electro Magnetic Machine. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf

☞ A Student wanted.

DR. WM. R. FINLEY RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the people of Altoona and the adjoining country.

He may be found at the office heretofore occupied by Dr. G. D. Thomas.

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1858.—tf

B. F. ROYER, M. D., Offers his professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity.

The best of references can be given if required.

Office at residence on Branch street, East Altoona, three doors above Conrad's Store. April 28 '59-1y.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

J. G. ADLUM, Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

Altoona, October 1, 1857.-1y

New Book Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS LATELY opened a BOOK STORE next door to the corner of *Virginia and Annis streets,* where may be found

Old and Standard Authors, New Publications, Light Literature, Periodicals and Staple and Fancy Stationery in large varieties.

☞ A new and very select lot of SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. The citizens of Altoona are respectfully invited to call.

☞ All orders attended to with promptness and dispatch.

Altoona, Nov. 3, 1859-tf H. SMITH.

PLANING MILL & SASH MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber would announce that he has removed his

Planing Mill and Sash Manufactory,

from Tipton to Altoona, where he will continue to fill orders and attend to all work entrusted to him, with despatch. The Mill is on the lot adjoining Allison's Steam Flouring Mill. THOS. McAULEY.

Altoona, Nov. 17, 1859—tf

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by G. W. KESSLER.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVers for sale at (1-tf) KESSLER'S

SAVING FUND.

National SAFETY TRUST Company.

SAVING FUND.—NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST COMPANY.—CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

RULES.

1. Money is received every day, and in any amount, large or small.

2. FIVE PER CENT. interest is paid for money from the day it is put in.

3. The money is always paid back in GOLD, whenever it is called for, and without notice.

4. Money is received from *Executors, Administrators, Guardians,* and others, who desire to have it in a place of perfect safety, and where interest can be obtained for it.

5. The money received from depositors is invested in REAL ESTATE, MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such other first class securities as the Charter directs.

6. Office Hours—Every day from 9 till 5 o'clock, and on Mondays and Thursdays till 8 o'clock in the evening.

HON. H. L. BENNER, President.
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, Vice President.
W. J. REED, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY L. BENNER,	FRANCIS LEE,
EDWARD L. CARTER,	F. CARROLL BREWSTER,
ROBERT SELFRIDGE,	JOSEPH B. BARRY,
SAMUEL K. ASHTON,	JOSEPH YERKES,
C. LANDRETH MUNNS,	HENRY DIFFENDERFER.

Office: Walnut Street, S. W. Corner of Third St. Philadelphia. April 14th, '59-1y.

Commonwealth Insurance Co., *UNION BUILDINGS, 3d STREET,* HARRISBURG, PA.,

W. R. BOYERS, AGENT, *ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.*

Chartered Capital $300,000.

INSURE BUILDINGS AND OTHER PROPERTY against Loss or Damage by Fire. Also against perils of the Sea, Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS

Simon Cameron,	Geo Burgner,	W F Murray,
Geo M Lauman,	Benjamin Parke,	F K Boas,
William Dock,	Wm H Kepner,	Jno H Berryhill,
Eli Slifer,	A B Warford,	Wm F Packer.
James Fox,		

OFFICERS:
SIMON CAMERON, President.
BENJ. PARKE, Vice President.
S. S. CARRIER, Secretary.
Sept. 29, 1859.-6m

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY, of PITTSBURGH.

W. R. BOYERS, AGENT, *ALTOONA, PA.*

Capital and Surplus over $150,000.00.

DIRECTORS:

Jacob Painter,	A A Carrier,	Geo W Smith.
Rody Patterson,	A J Jones.	Wade Hampton,
Henry Sproul,	N Voeghtly,	Robert Patrick,
C A Colton,	I Grier Sproul,	Jas H Hopkins.

This Company has paid losses from the date of its incorporation in 1854, up to May, 1859, to amount of $302,836.07, in addition to regular semi-annual Dividends of from 5 to 15 per cent., affording evidence of its stability and usefulness. *Loses Liberally Adjusted and Promptly Paid.*

A. A. CARRIER, *Pres't.* I. GRIER SPROUL, *Sec'y.*

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, *Office, 110 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,* PHILADELPHIA.

W. R. BOYERS, AGENT, *Altoona, Blair County, Pa.*

CHARTER PERPETUAL. CAPITAL $200,000. ORGANIZED 1851.

Insures from Loss by Fire—Household Goods, Buildings and Merchandize generally.

Insures Lives—During the Natural Life or for Short Terms.

Inland Insurance—On Goods, by Canal, Lakes and Land Carriage. ROBERT PERRY, *Pres't.*

H. K. RICHARDSON, *Vice Pres't.*
GEO. C. HELMBOLD, *Sec'y.* [Sept. 29, '59-6m

American Life Insurance and Trust Co.

Capital Stock, $500,000.

Company Building, Walnut St., S. E. corner of Fourth Phila.

W. R. BOYERS, AG'T, ALTOONA, LIFE INSURANCE AT THE USUAL MUTUAL RATES, OR AT JOINT STOCK RATES, AT ABOUT 20 PER CENT. LESS, OR AT TOTAL ABSTINANCE RATES, THE LOWEST IN THE WORLD. A. WHILLDIN, *Pres't.*

J. C. SIMMS, *Sec'y.* [Oct. 27th, 1859-1y.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance, Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

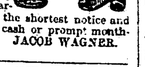
Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE Company, Agency, Anna Street, Altoona. March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

COAL! COAL!—THE UNDERsigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona that he has taken the Coal Yard formerly kept by John Allison, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of Coal at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms, for cash or prompt monthly payments.



JACOB WAGNER.

Sept. 22, 1859-3m.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lugs, which arise from the exposed state of the chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our Climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

MORE LIGHT! MORE LIGHT! Just arrived at the store of A. Roush, a splendid lot of a No. 1, Carbon Oil, which he will sell at 31 cts per quart, also a lot of Carbon Oil Lamps of Jones Patent which are warranted to be superior to any other kind.

Altoona, Nov. 24, '59-tf.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances, for sale at the Drug Store of

Jan. 24, '56-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

LUMBER FOR SALE. 50,000 SHINGLES, 50,000 LATHES, and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL, lower than the lowest, for Cash. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry & ground oil at (1-tf) KESSLER'S

Select Poetry.

WHAT I LIVE FOR.

I live for those who love me,
Whose hearts are kind and true;
For the heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too—
For all human ties that bind me—
For the task by God assigned me—
For the bright hopes left behind me,
And the good that I can do.

I live to learn their story,
Who've suffered for my sake—
To emulate their glory,
And follow in their wake.
Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages,
The noble of all ages,
Whose deeds crowd history's pages,
And Time's great volume make.

I live to hold communion
With all that is divine—
To feel there is a union
'Twixt Nature's heart and mine—
To profit by affliction,
Reap truths from fields of fiction,
Grow wiser from *conviction*,
And fulfill each great design.

I live to hail that season
By gifted minds foretold:
When men shall live by reason
And not alone by *gold*—
When man to man united,
And every wrong thing righted,
The whole world shall be lighted
As Eden was of old.

I live for those who love me,
For those who *know* me *true*—
For the Heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too:
For the cause that *lacks assistance*,
For the wrong that *needs resistance*,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that I can do.

Select Miscellany.

A GAME DINNER.

Shortly after the war with Great Britain, an aristocratic English gentleman built a residence in the vicinity of Fort George, on the Niagara frontier, and, in accordance with the old country idea exclusiveness, he enclosed his grounds with a high tight fence. Here he lived like an old English Gentleman—one of the olden time—with the exception that none but the *elite* of the province and the officers of the neighboring garrisons, were permitted to pass his gate.—There was a very good understanding between the American officers at Fort George, and the men were permitted occasionally to visit back and forth. Among the American soldiers was a queer chap, who stuttered terribly, was very fond of hunting and was always getting into mischief.

One day this chap took the small boat that lay moored at the foot of the walls of the fort, and crossed over to the Canadian shore to have a hunt. He wandered over several miles in the rear of Fort George without meeting any game, and his return seeing a crow on a tree within the inclosure of the aristocratic Englishman, he sealed the high fence, fired, and brought down his game, Colonel, or whatever his title may have been—we will call him Colonel, any how—witnessed the transaction and advanced while our soldier was reloading. He was very angry, but seeing the Yankee standing coolly with a loaded gun in his hands, he gulped down his anger for a moment, and merely asked him if he had killed the crow. The soldier replied he did. "I am sorry," said the Colonel, "for he was a pet. By the by, that is a pretty gun—will you be so kind as to let me look at it?"—The soldier complied with the request. The Englishman took the gun and stepped back a few paces, and then broke forth in a tirade of abuse, concluding with an order to stoop down and take a bite of the crow or he would blow out his brains. The soldier explained apologized, and entreated. It was of no use. The Colonel kept his fingers on the trigger, and sternly repeated his command.

There was a shot in the Englishman's eye; there was no help for it, and the stuttering soldier stooped down and took a bite of the crow, but swallow it he could not. Up came his breakfast, and it appeared as if he would throw up his toe nails. The Englishman gloated at the misery of his victim, and smiled complacently at every additional heave. When he had got through vomiting and wiped his eyes, the Colonel handed him his gun, with the remark. "Now, you rascal, that will teach you how to poach on a gentleman's enclosure."

The Yankee soldier took his gun, and the Colonel might have seen the devil in his eye if he had looked close. Stepping back, he took deliberate aim at the heart of his host and ordered him instantly to finish the crow. Angry expostulation, prayers and entreaties, were useless things. There was shoot in the American eye then as there had been in the English eye before. There was no help at hand, and he took a bite of the crow. One bite was enough to send all the good dinner he had lately eaten on the same journey with the garrison fare of the soldier, and, while the Englishman was in an agony of sickness, Jonathan escaped to the American shore.

The next morning, early, the commandant of Niagara was sitting in his quarters, when Colonel——was announced. "Sir," said Colonel ——, "I come to demand the punishment of one of your men who yesterday entered my premises, and committed a great outrage."

"We have three hundred men here, and it would be difficult for me to know who it is you mean," said the officer.

The Englishman described him as a long, dangling, stuttering, stoop shouldered devil.—"Ah! I know who you mean," said the officer; "he is always getting into mischief. Orderly call Tom."

In a few moments Tom entered and stood attention, as straight as his natural build would allow, while not a trace of emotion was visible in his countenance.

"Tom," said the officer, "do you know this gentleman?"

"Ye-ye-ye-yes, sir?"

"Where did you ever see him before?"

"I-I-I," said Tom stuttering awfully, but retaining the grave expression natural to his face, "I didl-di-dined wi-h him yesterday."

We believe Tom was not punished.—*Indiana Sentinel.*

DON'T BE AFRAID.

In our every day anxieties and cares, there is a great amount of fearfulness connected with and engendering from the many little annoyances incident thereto. In each and every pursuit of life, much is to be found that hinders freedom of sentiment and action. Independence of character is professedly a ruling passion with many, and yet how sadly wanting in all; for those having the most are still capable of receiving more of this priceless treasure. A great many are afraid they are not acting as becomes honesty and rectitude; this class are to be pitied and encouraged to do the best they can with the aid of God. But a great many more are afraid if they do not act thus and so they will be talked about, and so they get on one side of principle, in order to appear of great merit in the eyes of other people, basely crushing purity of heart into hypocritical nothingness; afraid of doing right, such individuals may be heard to whisper, "They'll say," I would visit that poor sick family over there, but "they'll say." I would take them a few little necessary articles which they never dream of possessing through disease and poverty; It may be the means of restoring the widowed mother to health so that she may nourish and direct her little ones; or, that boy may yet get up and be able to work; and, while it costs me nothing but picking up a few bits of what will be wasted, I will go.—But stop a moment, "what will they say?"

Why, just this, "did you know Mrs.—— went to see that poor family over the way the other day, and took provision and clothing to them and they are getting better and coming out, and of course will visit her in return." If she equalizes herself with such poor folks as they say *they* are, I'll have nothing to do with her, that's all." And so, since I have thought about it, I'll not go, for I do not wish to lose an associate high up in society, for the sake of doing one act of charity, and with a "May God help the poor, for I can't," she abandons the thought, soliloquizing as she turns "they'll say." Now, to such people as these I'll say, I do not think you are in the path which was pointed out for us to walk in; so long as we care what they say, just so long we are swerving from principle. True moral courage is the thing we need to insure happiness, and to obtain this cowardice must get out with her skulking visage and give room for manly upright independence, for it is plain these two cannot exist together. Don't be afraid of what the world says, but persevere in the right and then you won't care, as right will reign despite abuse. Don't be afraid, despondingone, when you have exerted every faculty in your power to maintain your station in life in honor.

What though you are ready to sink in adversity, what though friends forsake and foes invade, though all worldly prospects are so dull and gloomy, do not give up; do your duty; proclaim the right upon the house-tops, not thinking of what they'll say. If all would espouse the cause of moral independence of spirit and act thereon, I am persuaded that great good would be effected by it. When all would be true to each other, slanderers would get ashamed, *they say* would be hushed, and nobody would listen to what nobody said about everybody, and thus throw this notorious body into obscurity.—Don't be afraid, young man or lady, if you are not quite so conspicuous as others, remember 'tis not all gold that glitters. Do not fear, student, if you are not always head in your class (though I would advise you always to try to be there,) for not always the quickest scholars make the most influential members of society. A great part of the greatest persons that the world has produced, had little or no advantages of education, but were self-made instruments of usefulness, and so can you be too, if you just press onward.

It differs not how poor or how low down you are: if you just set the resolution to be somebody, to abandon evil habits and rise in the world, you can do it. Set a mark up high, and press toward it; let onward be your motto, upward be your aim, and march boldly forward; and, above all, don't be afraid of what they say, and then you'll succeed.

☞ At a recent country wedding, on the minister's asking the bride. "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" without waiting for the completion of the sentence, she replied, dropping a courtesy, "Yes if *you please*, sir!"

☞ It is not what people eat, but what they digest that makes them strong.

TRACING A PEDIGREE.

Some men are boastful of their ancestry, while others are entirely devoid of all pride of birth, and have no more respect for the geneological table of their forefathers than they have for Poor Richard's Almanac. The late John Randolph of Roanoke used to assert his belief that he was descended from the celebrated Indian Princess, Pocahontas, but it is not known that he established his claim to that distinction.

Many years ago there lived in a near State a young gentleman who took it into his head that, like John Randolph, he was of Indian descent, though, unlike John, he did not know exactly the tribe to which he belonged. The idea was a perfect monomania with him, notwithstanding the efforts of his friends to [illegible] the folly of his pretensions, to say nothing of the absurdity. The favorite notion, however, could not be eradicated from his mind, and he promised his friends that he would one day convince them that he was right in his claims.

Having heard that a deputation of Indians were at Washington, on a visit to their great father, the President, he promptly repaired to the city, and arranging with the gentleman who had them in charge, his friends in the city were surprised to receive an invitation to accompany him on a visit to the Red Men, before whom he proposed to verify his favorite pretensions. The parties met as requested, and found the Indians sitting on the floor smoking their pipes, and manifesting but little appreciation of the honor of the visit.

Having arranged his friends at a respectful distance from the aged chief, who still regarded the visitors with stolid indifference, the young man stepped boldly from the centre, and presuming that it would require some show of energy to arouse the chiefs from their apparent apathy, he placed his hand on his breast, and said with great fearlessness:

"Me—Indian—long time ago."

The chief, who was not skilled in talking English, took his pipe from his mouth but evinced no emotion whatever. The speaker then thinking that a more violent gesture and a louder tone would be necessary, struck his hand upon his breast with much force, and said in a louder tone:

"Yes—me—Indian—*long* time ago."

Without moving a muscle of his face, the old chief slowly arose from his sitting posture, and turned his eagle eye upon the speaker. His friends say that the chief evidently understood or at least appeared to understand the meaning of the speech addressed to him; and they gazed intently on the soleman proceeding. The young man bore the searching glance of the Indian without emotion. All felt "that the time had come."

Moving sufficiently close to the speaker, the chief raised his hand, and carefully taking a lock of the young man's hair between his finger and thumb, gently rubbed it between them for a moment. All stood breathless. Quietly withdrawing his hand, the chief uttered the slight peculiar Indian grunt, and said "Nig." This altogether unexpected denouement ended the interview, and the discomfitted descendant of the Tommyhawks retired with his friends, the latter roaring with laughter, and the former filled with a most sovereign contempt for his degenerated Indian relations.

Why do Children Die.

The reason why children die, says *Hall's Journal of Health*, is because they are not taken care of. From the day of birth they are stuffed with food, choked with physic, sloshed with water, suffocated in hot rooms, steamed in bed clothes. So much for in doors. When permitted to breathe a breath of pure air once a week in summer, and once or twice during the coldest months, only the nose is permitted to peep into daylight. A little later they are sent out with no clothes at all, as to the parts of the body that most need protection. Bare legs, bare arms, bare necks, girded middlemost, with an inverted umbrella to collect the air and chill the other parts of the body. A stout, strong man goes out on a cold day with gloves and overcoat, woolen stockings and thick double soled boots with cork between and rubbers over. The same day a child of three years old, an infant in flesh and blood and bone and constitution, goes out with soles as thin as paper, cotton socks, legs uncovered to the knees, neck bare, an exposure which would disable the nurse, kill the mother in a fortnight, and make the father an invalid for weeks. And why?—To harden them to a mode of dress which they are never expected to practice. They accustom them to exposure which a dozen years later would be considered downright foolery. To rear children thus for the slaughter pen, and then lay it to the Lord, is too bad. We don't think the Almighty has any hand in it. And to draw comfort from the presumption that he has an agency in the death of a child, is a presumption and a profanation.

NEVER TRIFLE WITH A MAN YOU LOVE.—It is a dangerous experiment for a woman to play the coquette with a man whom she loves and who loves her in return. To this cause may be traced many a heartache that might have been avoided. Coquetry, under any circumstances, is a crime, but where it is practised on those whose love is sought, it is a species of unpardonable folly which often costs the loss of the coveted prize. A proud, high-spirited man seldom asks a woman twice.

REWARD OF HONESTY.

Johny Moer is the name of a bright-eyed, jolly faced lad, twelve or fourteen years of age, whose invalid and widowed mother, living on Morgan street, he helps to support by the sale of newspapers and such errands as he may chance to fall in with. Yesterday morning he chanced to stumble against a large pocket-book, which he picked up and found to contain a large number of bank-notes and papers.

While he was meditating on the sudden riches he had amassed, and which he had slid into a capacious pocket, or perhaps racking his youthful mind whether to seek for the owner or conceal his good fortune, a gentleman rushed by him in an anxious, hurried [illegible] which convinced the boy that he was looking for something, and he thought he knew what.

"Have you lost anything?" asked Johnney.

"Yes, my pocket-book," was the gentleman's answer, "have you seen it?"

The little fellow "expected" he had; he didn't know, though. What kind of a pocket-book was it?

"This led to an adjournment to a neighboring store; where the flushed and almost breathless individual "of the first part" proceeded to say that the pocket book was a black one, containing $1,200 in bank bils and some accounts, strip of red morocco binding underneath the flap being inscribed "Robert Thomas, Covington, Ky." The description tallied, and Johnney's eyes snapped with cheerfulness as he placed the treasure just as he had found it into the stranger's hand; and we opine there was a greater joy in that one act than $10,000 could have purchased at the expense of a guilty conscience.

Mr. Thomas hardly seemed to know which to feel most relief on the recovery of his money and papers, or gratitude to the lad and admiration of his honesty. Taking Johnny by the hand, whose bounding heart (he knew not why) had by this time "splashed tears into his eyes," the gentleman took him to a clothing store and dressed him out from top to toe, in a bran new suit. Then proceeding to a jeweler store he purchased a good silver watch, upon which he directed to be engraved these words; "Robert Thomas to Little Johnny Moor. St. Louis, September 3, 1859. Honesty is the best of policy." Not even content with this, the generous stranger placed in a neat bead purse five twenty-dollar gold pieces which he directed the lad to give his mother.—*St. Louis Republican.*

Home and Wife.

Happy is the man who has a little home, and a little angel in it, of a Saturday night. A house, no matter how little, provided it will hold two or so—no matter how humbly furnished, provided there is hope in it; let the winds blow—close the curtains.

What if they are calico, or plain white border, tassels, or any such thing? Let the rains come down; heap up the fire. No matter if you hav'nt a candle to bless yourself with, for what a beautiful light glowing coal makes, rendering clouding, shedding a sunset through the room; just enough to talk by, not loud, as in the highways; nor rapid, as in the hurrying world, but softly, slowly, whisperingly, with pauses between, for the storm without and the thoughts within to fill up.

Then wheel the sofa round before the fire; no matter if the sofa is a settee, uncushioned at that, if so be it is just long enough for two and a half in it. How sweetly the music of silver bells from the time to come falls on the listening heart then. How mournfully swell the chimes of "the days that are no more."

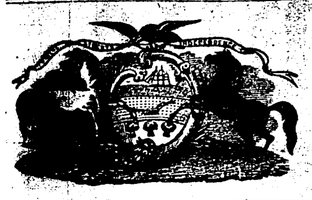
Under such circumstances, and at such a time one can get at least sixty-nine and a half statute miles nearer "kingdom come" than any other point in this world laid down in "Malte Brun,"

Maybe you smile at this picture; but there is a secret between us, viz: it is a copy of a picture, rudely done, but true, of the Pentateuch of an original in every human heart.

A TOUCHING ANECDOTE.—Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, in a recent address at a meeting in Alexandria, for the benefit of the orphan asylum and free schools of that city, related the following anecdote:

"A poor little boy, in a cold night in June, with no home or roof to shelter his head, no paternal or maternal guardian or guide to protect him on his way, reached at nightfall the house of a rich planter, who took him in, fed, lodged, and sent him on his way with his blessing. These kind attentions cheered his heart, and inspired him with fresh courage to battle with the obstacles of life. Years rolled round; Providence led him on; he had reached the legal profession; his host had died; the cormorants that prey on the substance of man had formed a conspiracy to get from the widow her estates. She sent for the nearest counsel to commit her case to him and that counsel proved to be the orphan boy years before welcomed and entertained by her deceased husband. The stimulus of a warm and tenacious gratitude was now added to the ordinary motives connected with the profession. He undertook her cause with a will not easily to be resisted; he gained it; the widow's estates were secured to her in perpetuity; and, Mr. Stephens added, with an emphasis of emotion that sent its electric thrill through the house 'that orphan boy stands before you!'"

The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1859.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Excitement at Charlestown.

people of this part of the country to imagine the state of excitement now existing in and about Charlestown, Va., and in fact throughout the whole State. The latest telegraphic dispatches from that place state that the town is filled with strangers and military, and extensive preparations were being made for the reception of additional troops which were approaching. All the churches have been taken possession of, to be used as barracks. The fear of an attack and the suspicion with which every man is regarded, who is seen out after nightfall, may be inferred from the fact that the sentinels are nightly firing at imaginary foes, and a number of citizens have narrowly escaped their bullets.

It is also stated that the country is being patrolled for twenty miles around the town, which would prevent the rescuers of Brown gaining admittance in any way unless it should be by underground railroad. Gov. Wise has sent spies into Ohio and Pennsylvania and it is from their reports that large bodies of men are arming and moving towards Virginia, that the military forces were being so largely augmented. There are now about 1500 military under arms at Charlestown. Quite a panic was created by a letter from Huntingdon, in this State, stating that large bodies of armed men are moving towards Virginia, across the North Mountain, supposed to be on their way to Charlestown.

The following paragraph from a proclamation issued by Gov. Wise, evinces a fear that other parts of the State will be ravaged by Northern desperadoes should the men flock to Charlestown on to-morrow, to witness the execution of Brown:

"Now, therefore, all persons are notified that the trains of the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road Company are placed under orders of acting Quartermaster and Commissary General Davis, for impressment on the first, second and third of December next. He will, under orders of Major General Taliaferro, guard those trains for the use and occupation of Virginia troops alone, and permit no other transportation but for them. And the citizens of this commonwealth are warned to remain at home and on guard or patrol duty on the second of December, and to abstain from going to Charlestown. Orders are issued to prevent women and children, and strangers are hereby cautioned that there will be danger to them in approaching that place, or near it, on that day. If deemed necessary, martial law will be proclaimed and enforced."

It is no doubt looked upon as rather a farcical piece of business for the Virginians to become so much excited about this matter, and for Gov. Wise to call out such a large military force to prevent the rescue of Brown by a body of men supposed to be somewhere, but who can not be found, nevertheless we believe that, were it not for the precautions used to prevent such an attempt being successful, it would have been made ere this. As we said last week, we do not believe that there is any set of men at the north who would risk their lives in such a fool-hardy undertaking as that of the liberation of Brown would be, under existing circumstances, still we do not feel sure that such would not have been the case under more favorable auspices. Undoubtedly the credulity of the Virginians has been much imposed upon by wags at the north, by means of annonymous letters and newspaper paragraphs, the effect of which has been to entirely preclude all possibility of Brown's rescue, if it was ever seriously contemplated, and to create mirth at the expense of the inhabitants of the "Old Dominion."

☞ The New York *Mercury* sends us a half-column prospectus, accompanied by a circular stating that unless we publish said prospectus five or six times, we can not have an exchange. You can't come it, Mr. *Mercury*. We are not going to advertise to the amount of eight or ten dollars for you, for the sake of getting what is not worth a picayune to us or any body else.

Desecrating the Sabbath.

The editor of the Huntingdon *Union*, in his issue of last week, set up a man of straw, in our stead, evidently for the purpose of seeing how long it would take him to knock it down. He effected his purpose to his own satisfaction, we presume, and then closed his masterly effort by politely intimating that we would fall short of receiving our deserts did we not make the acquaintance of a near relative of his, called Pluto, when we "shuffle off this mortal coil." All right, Mr. *Union*, of course you will be on hand to introduce us to his majesty when we meet.

But to the subject. The *Union* starts out with the assertion that we "justify the continued desecration of the Sabbath by the Railroad Company." This is incorrect. We merely called the attention of the editor of the *Union* to the fact that there are other Sabbath desecrators besides the Railroad Company, about whom he has said nothing, and expressed the opinion that if it be necessary to work Furnaces on the Sabbath to prevent loss to their owners, the Railroad Company was justifiable in running a certain number of trains on the same day for the same reason: but we did not justify the working of Furnaces on the Sabbath, neither the running of Railway trains. We believe both to be entirely wrong, and far be it from us to attempt to justify that which is contrary to both moral and civil law.

The intention of our article was not to justify the Railroad Company in the act complained of by the *Union*, but to show that there were others equally deserving of its censure, about which it had said nothing. Therefore we say that the *Union* has been battering at a man of straw manufactured by wilfully misconstruing our remarks, as we feel persuaded that no man who possesses an ordinary amount of perspicuity, and is impartail, can construe our former article into anything like a justification of the desecration of the Sabbath by the Railroad Company, Furnace owners, or any one else.

But the editor of the *Union* says he has no disposition to open a controversy with us. Verily, we think he should not have, if he cannot discover the difference between our article and one justifying the desecration of the Sabbath, or cannot maintain the controversy without perverting the plain intent and meaning of our remarks. If such be his character we desire no words with him.

The insinuation that we justify the Railroad Company in doing that of which the *Union* complains, because, forsooth, we do a little job printing for it, is nothing more than we might expect from one who, to hold his position, is compelled to play second-fiddle to a borough Postmaster.—Such men always judge others by themselves, and the public judge them in turn. The Railroad Company demands of us the work of our hands, not out private political and moral principles, as do the controllers of the *Union*, of its nominal editor.

Disastrous Shipwreck.

The steamship Indian, from Liverpool, loaded with 200 tuns of bale goods, 100 tons of iron and a lot of coal, and carrying 38 passengers and a crew of over 70, struck a reef in the vicinity of Cape Race, on Monday morning week, and became a total wreck. From the statements of some of the crew and passengers, it is evident that nothing of the kind was apprehended. The sea was calm and the ship sailing at the rate of about eight knots per hour. As soon as it was known that the vessel was wrecked, every effort was made to save the lives of the passengers and crew.—Three of the seven boats belonging to the ship were stove and rendered useless in letting them down to the water. The remaining four were filled, and two of them it is thought reached the shore in safety. One drifted out into the sea and it is not known whether it has been picked up or not. Up to Monday evening last, twenty-seven persons were supposed to have been lost. The mails on board the ship were saved.

BENNETT'S DOLLAR MONTHLY.—The admirers of the writings of Emerson Bennett will no doubt be gratified to learn that he has effected arrangements for the publication of a periodical to be entitled "Emerson Bennett's Dollar Monthly," the first number of which will appear on the 1st of January, 1860. He has associatad with him John L. Hamelin, A. M., a gentleman of much ability as a writer. The leading story in the first numbers of the Monthly will be entitled "The Mountain Lily; or, Adventures in the wilderness," written by Bennett. Like all of his writings it will be romantic and thrilling. Terms—1 copy $1 per year; 6 copies $5; 18 copies $10; 27 copies $20.—Address Bennett & Hamelin, 141 South st., Philadelphia.

☞ *Voice of Masonry and Tidings from the Craft*, is the title of a neat eight page paper which has several times found its way to our table. It is published semi-monthly at Louisville, Ky., at $1 per year. The known ability of Robert Morris, its chief editor, as a vigorous writer, is sufficient guarantee of its usefulness to the craft.

☞ A dispatch from Mexico, via Panama, says:—The Conservatives, led by Gen. Jordo, and the Liberals by Gen. Coronado, met at Iepee, Mexico, about the 8th inst. The Conservatives were victorious, killing Gen. Coronado and four hundred of his men. The loss of the Conservatives is not known, but supposed to be as great.

☞ Washington Irving, the historian, died in New York City, on Tuesday last. Few men have been more useful in their day and generation, and the death of no one would have been more widely felt or deeply regretted. He was the ablest historian of the age.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Osawattamie Brown swings to-morrow.

☞ Comical—the big miller in a covered wagon.

☞ Kit Carson, the Rocky Mountain Ranger, is dead.

☞ If "Bess" will send us her name we will publish her enigma.

☞ Caned—the editor of the Pittsburgh *Chronicle* on Thanksgiving evening.

☞ "Never go where you wouldn't like to be found dead," is a new maxim of morality, just before the people.

☞ $150,000 worth of property was destroyed by fire, on Monday morning last, at Taunton, Mass.

☞ Half a raw potato dipped in brick dust will, it is said, have an excellent effect in brightening knives.

☞ A fellow entered a German ball-room in Galveston the other day and went to kicking the seats about the apartment. After getting his own kicked, he left.

☞ The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have made a contract for lighting their cars with gas, which will be immediately put into operation.

☞ A young Miss, named Sarah Jane Johnston, was lately arrested in Detroit, for stealing five dollars from one lover, to pay the Clergyman's charge for marrying her to another.

☞ The last Tyrone *Star* contains another letter from a person who has been visiting Mrs. Rev. Koesey, in which anything but a fascinating picture of Minnie Sarver is drawn.

☞ Mr. Adam B. Clouser shot a large wild cat on Monday last, within a mile or two of Bloomfield, Perry county, Pa. It made a desperate resistance to his dogs after it was shot.

☞ U. J. Jones, delivered a lecture at Ebensburg last night. Subject—Our Country—its Destiny. Whoever heard it, heard a good lecture.

☞ Religion begins in the family. One of the holiest sanctuaries on earth is home. The family altar is more venerable than any altar in a church built with hands.

☞ The following is said to be the recipe for making a Rochester alderman's sandwich:—Brandy at the bottom gin at the top, and water between the latter, thin as it can be spread.

☞ All the dogs killed in Cleveland, Ohio, last season, were skinned and the skins sold to a glove manufactory in Litchfield, Medina county, where they were converted into *kid* and *buck-skin*.

☞ Much curiosity is manifested in and about Charlestown, to know who is the N. Y. *Tribune's* correspondent from that place. The *Tribune* says he is still there and will likely remain until after the execution of Brown.

☞ The Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* appeared in an entire new dress of type, on Saturday evening last. It is one of the handsomest as well as the best dailies in the Quaker City.

☞ Why should society visit with such severity the departure of woman from the paths of innocence, and refuse her all chance for reformation? The most lovely type of purity we ever saw, a water lily, grew from a stagnant, muddy pool of green slimy water.

☞ The Richmond *Whig* cordially approves a suggestion "for the formation of voluntary associations throughout Virginia and the South, bound together by a common pledge among themselves, never to eat, drink, wear, buy or use any article whatsoever manufactured at or imported from the North."

☞ The holders of the first mortgage bonds of the New-York and Erie Railroad have applied to the State Controller to advertise and sell the Road for non-payment of interest. The Controller has placed the matter in the hands of the Attorney-General, who will proceed at once under the act of 1845.

☞ A singular auction sale is announced to take place in Washington in December 6th, being the various articles that have accumulated at the Dead Letter Office for the last twelve years. These articles comprise ear-rings, breast-pins, finger-rings, gold and silver watches, studs, California gold, diamond-pins, spectacles, purses, pocket-books, bead-work, embroidery, lace-collars, handkerchiefs, cuffs, surgical instruments, children's clothing, hats, boots and shoes, gloves, books, &c.

THE AMERICAN BONAPARTES.—A letter in the *Courrier des Etats Unis*, form M. Jerome Bonaparte, of Baltimore, who recently returned to the United States, had refused the dignity of Senator of France, offered to him by his father, Prince Jerome, in order to induce him to remain in France. Mr. Bonaparte preferred the simple title of American citizen to that of Senator of France. After the efforts made by the American branch of the Bonapartes to obtain recognition as legitimate members of the imperial family, the news of this refusal will create some surprise.

For the Tribune.

LETTER NO. 2.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The duties of my business prevented me from getting this letter written in time to be published last week, but going upon the principle "better late than never," I furnish the second this week.

In my last I closed with the idea "that no individual could claim the right of property in that which claimed the same right." Every man has a right, an entire right, to use his own body as he will, providing his so using it does not come in contact with the rights of his neighbors—if such be true, and it is, then his neighbors exercise some right over the body of his neighbors, but this right is limited in both cases. No man has a right to commit suicide, from the fact that it is commanded by "Him who knoweth all things," "that thou shalt not kill."—Hence, if he has no right to commit this act, I have a right to interfere and prevent it. In case such an act should be committed, herein I possess a right over the body of my neighbor, and if A. possesses this right over B. and B. over C., and C. over D., &c., then Z. will possess this right over A., hence we are dependent on one another—we possess a right over one another, but this right is established for our own welfare, and the welfare of society, which society, as I said before, is what man needs. But the rights here alluded to, and the former right of property alluded to above, are not the same, the first being an absolute right and the last a limited right. If I purchase an article and pay for it, I possess a fee simple right in that article; I can dispose of it at any reward I see proper; it is to my loss if I destroy it or dispose of it for a sum much less than I pay for it. If I do not see proper to dispose of it, and my circumstances are such as to allow me to retain it, I can do so, no one dare compell me to dispose of it; but, on the other hand, if I am indebted to my neighbor in a certain sense, he possesses a certain right in that which I denominate my own, and he may compel me to destroy my right in that article in order that he may enjoy his right. It is true that all rational beings, as soon as they begin to think, even in childhood, appropriate certain things to themselves, and the child who first learns to lisp the names of "pa" and "ma," learn the use and the meaning of the pronoun "*mine*;" it is natural, and how much do they feel injured if this right they possess is violated—they contend for their own, for the right they possess in that article. Now, it is the aim of society to protect persons in the enjoyment of those absolute rights. Why? Because they were vested in them by the laws of nature. We may now sum up the absolute rights of man in one name, which is denominated Natural Liberty, and the man who is in possession of this right is considered a free agent, he is endowed with discernment to know good from evil, and with the power of choosing these things which appear most desirable to him. But every man, as he enters into society, gives up part of his natural liberty, he exchanges it for a mutual intercourse, he obligates himself to conform to these rules the community has thought proper to establish. And no one will dare to say but that this species of obedience is much more to be desired than the wild and savage liberty which may be sacrificed to obtain it. Supposing we all possessed the absolute and uncontrollable power of doing as we please, what would be the condition of society? The consequence would be we would have no security in any of the enjoyments of life, and a savage race would inhabit the earth. But it may be said that in the commencement of the world, God gave to man "dominion over all the earth: and over the fish of the sea, and over the fowls of the air, and over every living thing that moveth upon the earth," and that while the earth remained bare of inhabitants, that all was in common among men, and that every one took to himself from the public stock for his own use, just as his necessities demanded it, and yet barbarities did not prevail. This is all very true, and had mankind remained in a state of primeval simplicity, the same rules and regulations would still exist, no doubt, and no doubt Justinian fully believed what he wrote when he expressed himself "*Erant omnia communia et indivisa omnibus, veluti unum cunctis patrimonium esset.*" But do not suppose me to say that this communion of things appear ever to have been applicable—for, by the law of nature and reason, he who first obtained the use of it acquired in it a kind of transient property, which lasted as long as he was using it and no longer, or in other words, the *right* of possession continued for the same time that the *act* of possession lasted. As mankind increased it became necessary that men should obtain the *substance* of the thing and not the immediate *use* of it, and in this manner permanency was obtained, tumults were kept down and every man could say of his own, "it is MINE." It became necessary that he should obtain the absolute rights therein, so far as it is not retained by society; to this he yielded, and the results are known to all men. Let us apply what we have said to the slave-holder and slave. The master claims to have a right in the body of the slave—this right he claims by purchase, just as we claim the right in any article of personal property by purchase, he claims by the laws of the country a right to hold property—the laws guarantee to him this righ; but the laws do not guarantee to the slave this right. Therefore, by the laws of the slave States the slave-holder enjoys his privilege, and is he not acting in accordance with the laws? But I argue that all rational beings are entitled to the same rights—that the negro is a rational being is denied by a few, but those few are not such authors as we can credit—their reasoning is false—they love to engage in the trade of buying and selling negroes, and since they are directly interested, they are not good evidence in the case, but we must set them aside; and invariably before they get through with their case, for fear of being criminated, they are compelled to enter a *nolle prosequi*, as the lawyers say—and should a *capias* be issued for them the officer will return it *non est inventus*. They hold property, but their property dare not be a possessor, no, because they suppose all rights exist in them. They have forgotten that they are dependent beings. They dare not acknowledge this, else they would find themselves in a position which would be unpleasant.

But, Messrs. Editors, enough has been said as an introduction to the subject I am about to discuss, viz.: Was John Brown justified in his efforts to liberate the slaves of the South? In my next I will enter upon the subject. I have endeavored to show that the negro is not treated according to reason, however well he may be used in the South, that he is rational, and therefore entitled to hold property—if so, then no one can hold him as property. I now propose to show that Brown's design was laudable, but his effort erroneous. SIGNIA.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.—On next Saturday, December 3d, Messrs. Wood, Eddy & Co. draw the largest Lottery ever drawn in the United States. The amounts offered in prizes are immense. Only think of $100,000, $50,000, $20,000, and numerous prizes of $10,000, $6,000, $5,000, $4,000, &c., in all amounting to over *one million dollars*. Besides this there is nearly one prize to every two tickets, making the chances almost even of a return of your money and giving you a splendid chance for a fortune. As this is the first opportunity this month, do not fail to enclose the money for a ticket, which is only $20 for a whole, or its proportion for a half or quarter share, to Wood, Eddy & Co., either at Augusta, Georgia, or Wilmington, Delaware. Try it.

For the Tribune.

EXAMPLE.

Nothing can be more contageous, more powerful, or productive of more significant results, than the influence of example. In the actions of others there is a something adapted to the constitution of the mind, which influences the volition of the will and disposes us to similar action. There is no act of great good or great evil that does not produce its like. In everyday life we experience the effects of example upon ourselves, and witness its influence upon others. In every department of life it is ever present with its attendant results. From actions in themselves, considered unimportant, to deeds of greatest consequence, it is manifested in almost every case, the great moving cause. Its influence may be almost imperceptible but its action is unmistakable. All are alike subject to its magic influence, and from its captivating power none are free. We imitate the good from emulation, and the evil from the depravity of our nature. This aptness to imitate, like every other principle of our nature, is found to exist in degrees, modified by a variety of circumstances. While all are subject to its power, it does not equally control every individual.—This is partly attributable to the infinite variety of dispositions and habits of mind. But beside this, we find in the history of every one an incessant change—a tendency to become less influenced as the mind becomes more fully developed, and reason gains its true position. The clearest manifestations of this force are discoverable in the earlier periods of life, when it is productive of results, which, independent of the tendency to imitate would scarce be attainable by any other means. Then it is that the example of others arouse a spirit of emulation, and the ardent aspirant from a thirst for glory is led to clamber up the arduous ascent of Fame's mount, until the burning zeal is crowned with success upon ambition's height. Upon the other hand if innate depravity gain the ascendency, the example of others may lead to degradation's depths. Viewed in this light it may justly be regarded as an agent of great power in the formation of character. In our social relations, we partake of the prevailing spirit and manner, and continue submissive to the force of examples presented by others, until by the repetition of their examples, habit fixes principles which are not less variable than the implanted, original principles of our nature.

O. W. J.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The **Balsamic Cordial** *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe **Diarrhœa** *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

☞ *These medicines are prepared by Dr.* C. M. JACKSON & Co., *No.* 418 *Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at* 75 *cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. JACKSON *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

☞ *In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called* EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

☞ For sale, in Altoona, by A. Roush and G. W. Kessler, and by all Druggists. [may 19, '59–1y

DR. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE.

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS. OF PITTSBURGH.

☞ During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. M'Lane had attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant. An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this great vermifuge.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

THE TRIUMPH COMPLETE.

Another perfect cure of Epilepsy by Dr. Hance's Epileptic Pills,

DURANTS NECK, PERQUIMAN'S Co., Oct. 1st, 1858.

DR. HANCE—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted with falling fits for some years past, I determined to give your Pills a trial, (advertisement of which I saw in some of the papers,) and continued to use them for some months, until I was entirely cured. I believe them to be a first rate article; and since I have used them, I have not had one attack, and am now in the enjoyment of good health.

I am, very respectfully, Yours, &c.,

JONATHAN J. JACOBS.

P. S. The Pills were recommended to me by Mr. Nathan Newby, of this county, to whose address you sent them.

Those Pills, besides curing Epilepsy, are a specific for all modifications of nervous disease. Price $3 per box; two boxes for $5; twelve boxes for $20. Persons enclosing a remittance will have the Pills sent them through the mail, on its receipt. For sale by Seth S. Hance, No. 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union must be addressed.

☞ DR. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have received the warmest encomiums from the press and people throughout the Union. As a reliable tonic for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation and general nervous debility, it cannot be approached. Every day some case of its great effect are chronicled through our public journals. There is nothing equal to the enjoyment, in that which the afflicted experience when using this valuable specific. Its mild tone, its sure and vigorous action upon a disordered stomach, and the cleansing of the entire Human body should recommend it to all classes of our community. All that will be necessary to convince the skeptical of its healthy effects, is to purchase a bottle and be convinced.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, every where.

☞ See advertisement.

☞ "OH THAT THE SKIN of an innocent sheep should be made into parchment, and written on to the undoing of a man!" quoth Shakspeare. He might also have deplored the ruining of men's forms by the uncouth manner in which some ungracious tailors butcher up the cloth made from the wool grown by these same harmless sheep. To see the perfection of the art of working up cloth wisely and well, and so as to set off to the best advantage the forms of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St., above Sixth, Phila. and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

DR. HERSHEY'S CELEBRATED

Worm Syrup.

TO THE PUBLIC.

AFTER A TRIAL of over TEN years in private practice, the subscriber is prepared to offer to the public a WORM SYRUP which has never failed to perform cures where others have been given in vain. It is beyond dispute the most pleasant and effectual preparation of the kind ever offered for sale.

It performs its cures safely, speedily, and effectually; injuring the nervous system in no wise—unlike, in this respect, to the Pink Root and Turpentine preparations—it does it contain mercury in any shape or form; but is a purely vegetable production, and so harmless in its action that the most delicate infant may take it.

It is one of the best and most gentle purgatives that can be administered to children, in case, even, where worms exist, and is all that may be required, in nine cases out of ten, to restore the deranged condition of the digestive organs, so frequently met during childhood; and save your children from severe spells of sickness, or convulsions.

Those Physicians who have used it are perfectly delighted with it, and use it in preference to any other preparation ever offered.

Manufactured and Sold Wholesale and Retail at N. W. Corner Fourth and George St., Philadelphia, Pa.

D. HERSHEY, M. D.

For Sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.

TIME

Cassville Seminary

AND

NORMAL SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

Cheapest School in the Land!

Send for a Catalogue!

Address M. McN. Walsh, A. M.,

CASSVILLE, HUNTINGDON Co., PA.

Sept. 22, 1859–3m.

NEW GROCERY FEED AND PROVISION STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a store of the above kind, near the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a full supply of everything in his line. His

GROCERIES

are all fresh and will be sold at prices as low as those of any other establishment in town. His stock of provisions, consisting of

Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, &c.

will be sold a little cheaper than they can be bought any where else. His Flour is obtained from the best mills in the Western part of the State, and is warranted to be what it is represented.

All kinds of Feed for horses, cows and hogs, always on hand.

I intend to keep such an assortment that I shall at all times be able to supply my customers with whatever they may need, and I intend also to sell at prices which will make it a saving to those who patronize my store.

July 22, 1858–3m. HENRY BELL.

1859. Fall Trade 1859.

A CARD.—THE UNDERSIGNED have just received and are now offering the largest and most varied stock of

FRESH GROCERIES

ever brought to this Market! In connection with the above, they are constantly supplied with choice Brands, of the various grades of

FLOUR!

Also, Bacon, Cheese, Whale, Tanner's and Lard Oils; Mess Pork;

Together with all kinds of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, all of which will be sold low for cash. The Merchants of this place are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. At the Old Stand

Oct. 27, '59–2m.] WM. M. GORMLY & CO.

271 *Liberty St., opposite Eagle Hotel, Pittsburgh.*

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he has opened a

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TIN, SHEET-IRON WARE & STOVE STORE,

on Helen street, between Annie and Julia streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of everything in his line, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice. He also manufactures Leaden Iron Spouting, which is said to be much superior to galvanized sheet-iron or tin.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to. A share of public patronage is solicited. SAMUEL I. FRIES.

Oct. 27th, '59–tf.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by her, on the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona. The House is a good Two-Story Frame Building, containing a Hall, Parlor, Dining-Room and Kitchen on the first floor, four good sleeping rooms on the second floor, & a finished Attic. The lot is in good order.

Persons wishing to view the premises and obtain further information will call upon the subscriber.

MARGT. M. M'CREM.

Altoona, Aug. 11th, 1859–tf.

Bakery and Grocery Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand

Fresh-Baked Bread, Cakes, &c.

Fresh Butter, Bacon, &c.

Also, a choice lot of SEGARS and TOBACCO.

JACOB RINK.

Nov. 10. Virginia Street, below Annie Street.

LEVI RILING,

IMPORTER OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.

Allegheny Street, North Ward,

ALTOONA, PA.

A large stock of all kinds of LIQUORS of the very best Brands, will be kept constantly on hand, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, at prices as reasonable as they can be had anywhere in the country. [May 12, '59–tf

NOTICE.—LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION having been granted by the Orphans' Court of Blair Co. to the undersigned, on the estate of Dr. G. D. Thomas, deceased, late of Altoona, Pa., all persons having claims against such estate, are hereby notified to present their accounts duly authenticated and ready for settlement, to the undersigned at her residence, in Altoona, or to Mr. James Hutchison, of Logan township, one of the former executors of said estate, on or before the 15th day of December ensuing. And all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are notified to come forward promptly and make payment, as no longer indulgence can be given. NANCY JANE THOMAS, Administratrix.

Altoona, Nov. 23d, 1859–6t.

NOW FOR FITS!—THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform the citizens of Altoona that he has just received his stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHS,

Which he is prepared to make up to order on short notice and on as reasonable terms, as any other Tailor in the place. JOHN O'DONNELL.

Altoona, Nov. 17th, 1859.

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605 and 605 Chestnut St.,
their stock of garments

HEY'S
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Syrup.
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scriber is prepared to of-
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hiladelphia, Pa.
D. HERSHEY, M. D.
na, Pa.

Seminary
CHOOL
GENTLEMEN,
the Land!
Aloyne!
alsh, A. M.,
NTINGDON Co., PA.

ED AND PRO-
inform the citizens of
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HENRY BELL.

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GORMLY & CO.,
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—THE SUB-
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DRY STORE,
Julia streets, East Al-
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POUTING
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AMUEL I. FRIZ.

FOR SALE.—
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EPT. M. McCRUM.

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KEEPS CON-
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con, &c.
and TOBACCO.
RINK.
low Annie Street.

S, GINS, &c.
North Ward,
ALTOONA, PA.
ORS of the very best
and, and will be sold
reasonable as they
[May 12, '59-tf

OF ADMIN-
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on the estate of Dr.
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are hereby notified to
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on or before the 10th
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Administrator.

—THE SUB-
citizens of Altoona
R CLOTHS,
der on short notice
other Tailor in the
OHN O'DONNELL.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	7:20 A.M.
Western "	8:00 A.M.
Hollidaysburg,	8:00 "
Western Through and Hollidaysburg,	7:00 P.M.
Eastern Through Mail	8:10 "

MAILS OPEN.

Eastern Through Mail,	8:20 A.M.
Western Through and Hollidaysburg,	7:40 "
Western Way,	11:15 A.M.
Eastern "	7:20 P.M.
Hollidaysburg	7:25 "

Office open for the transaction of business from 7.00 A.M. to 8.15 P.M., during the week, and from 7.50 to 8.50 o'clock on Sunday.
June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train East arrives	9.22 P. M.,	leaves	9.40 P. M.
" " West "	8.20 A. M.	"	8.40 A. M.
Fast " East "	7.40 A. M.	"	8.00 A. M.
" " West "	8.45 P. M.	"	9.05 P. M.
Mail " East "	11.15 A. M.	"	11.35 A. M.
" " West "	7.25 P. M.,	"	7.45 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train East and West, with Mail Train East and West, and with Local Freight Eastward and Westward.
The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Day Train East and West, Express Train West and Mail Train East.
November 22, 1858.] THOS. A. SCOTT, *Sup't.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

GRAND CELEBRATION

TO COME OFF ON

Thursday, December 15th, 1859.

Excursion Tickets to be issued from Harrisburg, Pittsburg and intermediate Stations, to Altoona, Good from the 14th to the 16th, inclusive.

MEETING OF COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

A meeting of the Committee of Arrangements to prepare for the Grand Celebration on the event of the introduction of Gas and Water into Altoona, met agreeably to adjournment, on Tuesday evening last, Geo. B. Cramer in the Chair.

Minutes of last meeting approved. The Committee appointed to confer with Thos. A. Scott, in relation to granting an excursion, reported that they had attended to that duty and procured an excursion from Harrisburg, Pittsburg and intermediate stations, to Altoona, good on the 14th to 16th, inclusive.

The Committee on Invitations reported the acceptance of the following Bands, Military Companies and Civic Associations:

Altoona Brass Band.
Van Tries' Cornet Band, Hollidaysburg.
Huntingdon Brass Band.
Mifflin & Patterson Brass Band.
Newport Brass Band.
Millerstown Brass Band.
Altoona Guards—Capt. H. Wehn.
Kingold United Infantry, Patterson—Capt. P. M. Mickey.
Jerome Artillery—Capt Jas. Bell.
Good Will Engine & Hose Company, Altoona.
Mountain Lodge, No. 281, A. Y. M., "
Altoona Lodge, No. 473, I. O. O. F., "
Winnebago Tribe, I. O. R. M., "
Washington Camp, No. 31, J. S. A., "
" " No. 54, " "

The Logan Rifle Rangers, Altoona, have not yet responded to the invitation sent them, but it is confidently expected that the company will accept. A verbal report was received from the Allegheny Cavalry, warranting the belief that the company will be on hand.

On motion of Jas. Lowther, a committee of three was appointed to make preparations for the accommodations of the Bands, viz.: Jas. Lowther, John F. Bowman, C. J. Mann, E. B. McCrum and Geo. B. Cramer.

On motion of E. B. McCrum, a committee of four was appointed to assist the Chief Marshall in making out a programme for the day and rendering him such other assistance as he may require. Com.: E. B. McCrum, A. A. Smythe, Geo. W. Sparks and C. J. Mann.

On motion of Geo. W. Sparks, Jas. Lowther was appointed Treasurer of the Committee.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening next, December 6th, at 6 o'clock.

GEO. B. CRAMER, *Chairman.*
P. T. CALDWELL, *Sec'y.*

From the above it will be seen that the approaching celebration must be one of the grandest affairs ever witnessed in the country. Invitations have been given to all the military companies in the county and a number out of it, and we confidently expect that all will accept. Invitations have also been given by the different civic associations of this place to similar associations in other places, from some of whom letters of acceptance have already been received. We may also add, that should the weather permit, the public schools of this place, to the number of 500 or 600 scholars, will join in the procession.

Every facility that can be will be afforded during all the military, bands, associations and spectators to this place on the day of the celebration.

The number of Brass Bands secured for the occasion will alone be worth a trip to hear and see. Preparations for the illumination and torch light procession are already being made and we imagine this will be one of the prettiest sights on the occasion.

With such an array of Brass and Martial Bands, military companies, civic associations, &c., it is fair to presume that the 15th of December will be a gala day in Altoona, the like of which was never seen in the neighborhood of the Alleghenies before and may never be again. Next week we will be able to give further particulars and hold out more inducements to our friends abroad to come and see us on this day two weeks.

PROMOTED.—It is with feelings of sorrow as well as pleasure that we announce the appointment of our young friend, Andrew Carnegie, to the honorable and responsible position of Superintendent of the Western Division of the Penn'a Rail Road. We said with sorrow, because the appointment removes from among us one whom we had just become sufficiently acquainted with to love and esteem for his many good qualities of head and heart,—one who is in every sense of the word a gentleman, and who is so esteemed by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. But we will not let our sorrow at our loss overbalance our pleasure in recording the promotion of a friend to a position to which he is so eminently qualified, by education, experience and disposition—to which he is entitled by the rules which govern the Company in selecting such officers, viz: fit men for their positions—and which he has merited by the careful discharge of every duty entrusted to him. Some six or eight years since Mr. Carnegie entered the Division Superintendent's office, at Pittsburgh, as an errand boy, and, by his faithfulness in every capacity in which he has been employed, has risen step by step to his present enviable position. A fit example for those who are now commencing as he did. Under Andy's care the reputation of the Western Division, as one of the best managed portions of the Road, will be fully sustained.

T. & C. R. R.—We believe we have not heretofore noticed the election of W. B. Foster, Esq., Vice President, and H. J. Lombaert, Auditor, of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, as Directors of the Tyrone and Clearfield Rail Road, in the place of Jacob Burley and D. I. Pruner, resigned. The Clearfield *Raftsman* says that "the object of this change is evidently to give the Pennsylvania company a better opportunity of pushing the road to an early completion as far as Philipsburg, for which purpose it has agreed to advance $200,000." The same paper also twits the Board of Directors for not publishing a statement of the condition of the Company, &c., which, it says, has not been done for some time past. It closes with the following notice of the new Directors:—"The experience and knowledge of the new Directors, in all that relates to building railroads, is such that we feel certain that, with no more than ordinary obstacles to overcome, the work will be completed, and the cars running to Philipsburg, at a no very distant day."

—o—

THANKSGIVING DAY.—Thursday last was generally observed as a day of Thanksgiving by our citizens. The stores and other business places, with a few exceptions, and the shops of the Penn'a R. R. Co., were closed, and the streets presented a Sabbath appearance. At 10½ o'clock, A. M., Rev. Sembower preached a sermon appropriate to the occasion, in the Lutheran Church, to a very large and appreciative congregation. His discourse is highly spoken of by those who heard it. In the afternoon, all the public schools formed into procession at the foot of Virginia street and marched up to the Presbyterian Church, where the scholars were addressed by Revs. Clark, Creighton and Sembower. There were some four or five hundred children in the procession, although the Schools were far from being full. We are particularly gratified to state that we did not observe an intoxicated person on our streets on that day, and we have not heard of any drinking or rowdying in any part of the town.

—o—

COMMUNICATION.—In another column of today's paper will be found a communication from a fireman of this place, in answer to the communication of "Well Wisher," which appeared a few weeks since. It has been on file for two weeks, but for reasons which would be satisfactory to any one who understands the printing business and our situation for some time past, we could not find a place for it. We publish the communication not because we think the remarks of "Well Wisher" demanded such a reply, but to relieve ourselves of the charge of partiality. We doubt very much whether the remarks of "A Fireman" will meet with the approval of the majority of the members of the Fire Company. It certainly lacks the spirit of "Well Wisher's" article, besides intimating what is not correct.

—o—

☞ "A plain respectable young man may obtain board for the winter in a small family for $3 a week, where he can have the comforts of a home or two young ladies. Apply immediately at 11 —— street, near —— avenue—*New York Herald.*

Oh! scissors and sourcrout!—aunt Jemimah and cousin Phœbe!—just think of it. For the insignificant sum of three little gold dollars, or a dirty ragged paper bill, plapked down every Saturday night, a "plain respectable young man" can have "the comforts of a home" or "two young ladies!" Oh! Ceasar and Clytemenstra, what a chance for courting! As a general thing, one young lady is supposed to be enough for a "plain and respectable young man;" but two—two—TWO young ladies for the infinitesimal sum of three dollars per week! what a luxury! "Go in lemons, if you do get squeezed."

—o—

LARGE BEAR SHOT.—On Monday last two young men, named Thomas C. Yingling and Sampson C. Glass, while hunting among a ledge of Rocks, known as "Bear Rocks," about eight miles north of this place, came upon a monster bruin lying in a hole among the rocks. On their approach he raised his head and looked at them and then quietly laid down again. A bullet from each gun simultaneously planted in his knowledge box, caused him to wake up pretty quick, but his day was over. On examination he proved to be one of the largest varmints of the kind ever killed on these mountains, and extremely fat. He weighed 316 pounds after the entrails were taken out. His kidney and entrail fat yielded 3 gallons of oil. The young men realized the snug sum of $53 out of him, besides the fun and glory of killing such a whopper.

—o—

GOOD WILL FIRE COMPANY BALL.—The Good Will Fire Company of this place intend giving a Grand Ball, in Shultz's Military Hall, on Thursday evening, December 22d. The Committee of Arrangements have rented the Bar-room adjoining the Hall, for that evening, and intend closing the bar and using the room as a refreshment room. There can therefore be no objections urged by any for not participating in the dance, on account of its close proximity to a bar-room. The intention of the Ball is to raise funds to pay the last instalment on the beautiful engine recently purchased by the Company. We hope they may realize handsomely.

—o—

☞ Well, we ate our Thanksgiving dinner without a turkey, consequently we have no thanks to return to any one for a big gobbler, like the little "Skeesick's" of the Tyrone *Star* had to do. We don't believe it's right to eat big dinners on Thanksgiving, (when you can't get them) therefore we consider we did what was right (from necessity,) by resisting the temptation placed before our little cotemporary (because it was not placed before us) to which he yielded (because he could).

—o—

NOTICE TO ALL.—Be it known to all, that printers do not correct communications unless requested so to do; and not even when requested, unless said communications contain items of news or something of real importance to the public.

As we have repeatedly published, we have not time to re-write, re-arrange and dress up communications which are of merely personal interest to the writer, and no benefit to the public. If errors be found in the communications in today's paper, the writers will know the reason why.

☞ There is difference in men—business men, especially. When in want of a given article, it is a pleasure to call upon certain men, and purchase it. You are received kindly, waited upon genteelly, and courteously thanked for your patronage. But entering another place of business, you are obliged to wait some time before you can secure attention—then are slowly and sullenly waited upon—no word of thanks passed or dreamed of—uninvited to call again—and the manner of the dealer, more plainly than words, telling you that *you* have been accommodated, and that *you* are the sole one under obligations. It is not difficult to guess which of these men secures the largest amount of business, nor which deserves it.

—o—

CROUP.—We find in the *Journal of Health*, the following simple remedy for this dangerous disease. Those who have passed nights of agonp at the bedside of loved children, will treasure it np as a valuable piece of information: "If a child is taken with croup, apply cold water—ico water if possible—suddenly and freely to the neck and chest with a sponge. The breathing will instantly be relieved. Soon as possible let the sufferer drink as much as it can, then wipe it dry, cover it up warm, and soon a quiet slumber will relieve the parents anxiety, and lead the heart in thankfulness to the Power which has given to the pure gushing fountain such medical qualities."

—o—

STREET LECTURE.—On Sunday afternoon last, a street temperance lecturer, named Gen. Reiley, held forth in front of the "Logan House."—From the manner of his speaking, we judged him to be something of a Yankee. He makes some capital hits in his addresses, and his arguments in favor of his principles, are certainly sound, although he has a very rough way of expressing them. Whether his lecture will be productive of good remains to be seen. It is to be hoped it will.

—o—

☞ Notwithstanding everybody is more or less interested in the contemplated celebration, and are anxiously awaiting the day on which it is to come off, still the lovers of luscious bivalves do not forget that at Taylor's saloon, next door to the Bank, may be had at all times, a plate of those fine Cove Plants which that saloon is celebrated for keeping. A choice lot of confectionaries, Apples, nuts, &c., always on hand.

—o—

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Saturday last, an old lady named Catharine Beard, wife of Mr. John Beard, of Scotch Valley, whilst engaged about her household duty, suddenly fell over on the floor and immediately expired. She was in her usual health, and had just requested a little girl to hand her a drink, but she didn't live to take it. She was 71 years, 6 months and 12 days old, and left a large circle of friends to mourn her sudden departure.—*Register.*

—o—

ANOTHER FATAL ACCIDENT.—Patrick Mahar, while engaged removing some car wheels from the platform of the hoppers at the Coal Mines of Porter, Milliken & Co., a few days ago, made a miss step and went over, falling some 30 or 40 feet, causing instant death. He was an old man and leaves a large family to mourn his sudden death.—*Register.*

—o—

SHOCKING DEATH.—J. Ott Rockafellow, well known in this vicinity, having been one of the contractors who built the new Portage Road, jumped out, of a third story window at Omit's Hotel, in Harrisburg, on Monday morning, by which he was almost instantly killed. He was laboring under a fit of the *mania potu* at the time.

—o—

☞ The Iron City College, of Pittsburgh, Pa., drew first Premiums for best Business Writing, at the State Fair at Philadelphia, September, 1859, over the Commercial Schools at the East. The superiority of the Penmanship of this Institution, has been acknowledged at the principal Fairs of the United States, for the last four years.—*Pittsburgh True Press.*

—o—

☞ A juvenile knock-down came off in front of our office, on Monday morning last, in which hair pulling and gouging took the place of "eye-blackeners" and "claret-spillers;" and the timely interference of Dr. Ford prevented one of them the disagreeable necessity of yelling "enough."

—o—

CATAMOUNT SHOT.—A large animal of the above species was shot by a Mr. Brubaker, at Kittanning Point, above this place, on Monday last. Seven shots were fired at it before it would consent to come down. Such fellows are seldom seen by mortal man in these parts.

—o—

☞ Capt James Bell, late editor of the *Star*, paid us a pop visit on Friday evening last. He promised to be on hand with a company of 60 men, on the 15th inst. Good for him.

—o—

PUBLIC SALE.—The American Hotel and Washington Hotel properties in this place, are to be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, on Thursday, December 22d. The first named is a large three story brick building, well adapted for the purpose. The second is a good frame building with a basement. Also, a large two-story frame dwelling house situate in Loudonsville. For particulars inquire of

JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Altoona, Dec. 1, 1859-3t.

—o—

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders that the 7th instalment on the Capital Stock of the Altoona Gas and Water Company, will be due and made payable at the Banking House of Wm. M. Lloyd & Co., on Friday, December 16th, 1859.

BENJ. F. ROSE, *Sec'y.*

November, 17th, 1859.

No. 1. Literary Emporium Still Ahead!

H. Fettinger begs leave to announce to his numerous patrons and the public generally, that he is now closing out the balance of his stock of fancy and staple articles *below cost*, in order to make room for his immense new stock of toys, notions and fancy articles which he will have on hand for the Holidays. He now offers a rare chance for bargains.

N. B. Also, a large stock of school books selling at cost. Call and be convinced.

ALTOONA, Nov. 12, 1859.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In looking over the columns of your paper last week, I noticed a communication undersigned "Well-Wisher," cautioning the Altoona Firemen to beware of following in the footsteps of brother firemen of large cities. I feel confident that the firemen of Altoona are highly pleased with the hints thrown out to them by their friend "Well-Wisher," and that they will hereafter be governed by him, providing he would take a fatherly care over them while in the performance of their duty.—Because you know, Well-Wisher, that they are young, innocent men, and likely to be led astray, if they have no guardian to watch over them while they are out with their machine. In replying to Well-Wisher, I would inform him that the Firemen were not aware that they were to be watched in their movements upon the occasion alluded to. If they could have had even the slightest hint thrown out to them before the parade that they were to have a reporter along with them, they would have had one who would have kept himself sober, for the credit of the Firemen if not his own. Because, Messrs Editors, I do for one really believe that our reporter was slightly inebriated on that occasion. Now let us take his own words for an explanation. He says, behold there are two young men going towards the Altoona House and disappearing down the cellar, and presently they again made their appearance, giving their mouths an ominous wipe. Well now, what of that? Do you never wipe your mouth, Well-Wisher? Or have you a smeller that could find out for you that they had been drinking? Or was that liquor you inhaled that which you had drank beforehand? My reason for asking is this: The young men you had reference to did not go to the Altoona House, as you represent, they went to the Exchange Hotel, kept by John Bowman, who I believe is the proprietor. They did not come out wiping their mouths, they came out smoking an excellent cigar, which J. B. had furnished them with. Well-Wisher, if you could not see more than twenty feet clear, you ought to have been in bed. Now, Well-Wisher, I will inform you how the twenty young men were led astray. You are aware that they paraded through the principal streets of our borough, to give the citizens an opportunity of admiring their handsome engine, which they (the citizens) had so generously bestowed upon the company. You are aware that when they were playing in front of the Logan House, they were all wet with the rain and water from their machine, then it was that Col. Woods, of the Altoona House, gave the Citizen boys an invitation to come and take a kindly smile, which I think pleased them very much, for they did manfully wipe their mouths, and gave three hearty cheers and a tiger for Col. Woods, and then, like gallant Firemen as they are, housed their handsome engine; and then, if our reporter had not left so soon, he might have seen several more going around town smiling very often, not being afraid of having their insides burned out, as they had not seen Well-Wisher's communication, or they would have acted more careful—but he will have to excuse them, for they will endeavor to be more careful hereafter. I would inform friend Well-Wisher that they are a company organized as a Fire Company, not as a Temperance Society, although there are some gentlemen of the above-named society belonging to the company, whom we are glad to recognize as brother Firemen. Now let us reason the case—would it not have been better for Well-Wisher to have collected some five or more Well-Wisher's like himself, and instead of following the Company from place to place, passing remarks, and finding such faults, as only could be found by one laboring under the influence of that stuff that makes a man wipe his mouth. Would it not have been better for him to have gone home (providing he could), and brought those noble Fireman two or three pails of good coffee instead of acting as he did, and my word for it, they would not wished for any thing stronger or warmer to benefit their chilling bodies, and it would have been an example for other coffee dealers to treat them in the same manner hereafter. Well-Wisher, I can almost see those noble Fireman standing around their noble machine chilled by the cold autumn blasts that were blowing on that day, sipping coffee with a good cheer, which shows that they could appreciate it, and take it too if it should cause them to give their mouths an ominous wipe.

Hoping the above remarks will give no more offence to our benevolent friend, Well-Wisher, than his did to those noble Firemen whom he represented in his communication. I subscribe myself Respectfully yours,

A FIREMAN.

MARRIED.

At Shade Gap, Huntingdon county, Pa., on Thursday, the 10th ult., by the Rev. Doyle, Dr. H. C. CHRISTY, of Wilmore, Cambria county, to Miss M. A. STARR, of the former place.

Gone—gone—gone! The last time we seen Doc., we surmised from his appearance and conversation, and his high opinion of the people and the country of the Shade, that there was something more attractive in that region than the scenery and the inhabitants in general. Well skilled in the "healing art" as the Doctor is, he could not cure the wound that cupid made, and like a wise man, called in a clergyman who alone could prescribe an antidote. We wish the Doctor and his bride all the joys of wedded life. Here's our ☞ Doc., and a hearty welcome to the ranks of the double-blessed.

On Tuesday, Nov. 22, 1859, at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Jos. Fichtner, Mr. JOS. WILT, to Miss LYDIA ANN SMITH, all of Juniata tp.

At the house of Mr. Dilman Yon, on the 27th inst. by the Rev. Lloyd Knight, Mr. G. S. BLACK to Miss S. C. CARLS, both of Allegheny tp.

In Frankstown tp., by J. E. Toole, Esq., 17th inst. Mr. JACOB WISE to Miss SARAH WALLS, all of Frankstown tp.

DIED.

On the 18th ult., in Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa., Mrs. RACHEL R. SELLERS, wife of the Hon. James M. Sellers, aged 29 years.

Mrs. Sellers was a daughter of Mrs. Buckman, of Lewistownship, Northumberland county, and became a member of the Presbyterian Church at Warrior Run, in her 20th year, and maintained a highly respectable and consistent profession. She united with the Presbyterian Church at Mifflintown, and although a stranger, yet she endeared herself to all by her kind, amiable and gentle deportment, and died deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and relations. Her hope in life and death was founded on the merits of Christ, and the peace of God sustained her under all her afflictions.

On the 21st inst., in Juniata tp., Mrs. ELIZABETH FURNEY, in the 39th year of her age.

PRIVATE SALE.—THE HOUSE & LOT of Thomas McCulla, in Altoona, (formerly Greensburg,) is offered at private sale. Lot 19½ feet front by 150 deep. For further information inquire of the occupant, BERNARD McNEALIS.
Dec. 1, 1859.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, in Antes township, Blair county, on or about the 1st of November, 1859, a LIGHT RED HEIFFER, with a white face, supposed to be about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.
Antes tp., Dec. 1st.-3t DAVID CHERRY.

THE PENNSYLVANIA BITUMINOUS COAL & IRON COMPANY.
The general annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Bituminous Coal and Iron Company will be held at the Girard House, in the city of Philadelphia, on the second Wednesday of December, 1859, at which meeting an election will be held for Directors, a Treasurer and Secretary of said Company. The poll will open from one to two o'clock, P. M. E. BENSON, *Pres't.*
December 1, 1859.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office at Altoona, Nov. 30, 1859.

Ambrose, Charles 2	Miller, John
Brown, Sophia	Milligan, John
Black, Mrs	Morris, Mary L
Burlow, A R	Michael, Elizabeth
Bechtel, J G	Morris, David
Brady, Jno B	Martin, C
Ball, Ann	Martin, C G
Curtis, Geo T S	McElhaney, Daniel
Casey, Wm	McHugh, John
Criste, Alice	McCormick, Mr Francis
Crall, Susan	McAllen, Wm
Carroll, Ellen	Norris, Barbara
Clifford, E R	Nagel, James
Daugherty, Orvil A	Nowlan, Timothy
Devlin, John	O'Conner, Patrick
Duch, Jacob	Robertson, Miss Maria
Ellenbogen, Moses 2	Remmy, J P
Fritz, Catharine 3	Ramsey, G W
Frank, J S	Rough, Margaret
Gauce, Martin	Smith, Wm 2
Hatfield, Catharine	Stephens, Samuel F
Holland, R	Stiffler, Kate
Hamilton, W S	Stofer, Jos
Harman, Rattler	Sternbaugh, Jas
Hart, Wm R	Sykes, Frederick
Hood, Reuben	Sprankle, Sol
Hensler, George	Stehli, Jos
Henry, John	Shaffer, Rev G W
James, Mary Jane	Staehler, Johann
Irwin, Susan	Smith, J T
Kunsman, Jacob	Wonders, Henry
Keirnan, Thomas	Weakland, A J
Koffman, Isaac	Walton, Isaac P
Little, J H	Welton, Reed
Leibheiser, Morits	Yingling, Thomas

Persons calling for letters on this list will please say they are advertised. JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.
Altoona, Dec. 1, 1859.

6th Annual Announcement!

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF THE

COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION.

From all sections of the country subscribers to this popular Art Institution, (now in its sixth year,) are being received in a ratio unparallelled with that of any previous year.

ANY PERSON CAN BECOME A MEMBER BY SUBSCRIBING $3 WHICH WILL ENTITLE HIM TO

1st.—The beautiful Steel Engraving, "Shakespeare and His Friends."

2d.—A Copy of the elegantly Illustrated Art Journal, one year.

3d.—A Free Season Admission to the Galleries, 548 Broadway, New York.

In addition to which, over *four hundred* valuable Works of Art are *given* to subscribers as Premiums, comprising choice Paintings, Sculptures, Outlines, &c., by the first American and Foreign Artists.

The superb Engraving, which every subscriber will receive *immediately* on receipt of subscription, entitled

"Shakespeare and his Friends,"

is of a character to give unqualified pleasure and satisfaction. No work of equal value was ever before placed within reach of the people at such a price. The Engraving is of very large size, being printed on heavy plate paper, 30 by 38 inches; making a most superb ornament suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor, or office.

It can be sent to any part of the country, by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage *pre-paid.*

Think of it! Such a work delivered free of charge, and the *Art Journal*, one year, for *three dollars!*

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received until the Evening of Tuesday the 31st of January, 1860, at which time the books will close and the Premiums be given to subscribers.

No person is restricted to a single subscription. Those remitting $15 are entitled to six memberships.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas, and all Foreign Provinces, must be $3,50 instead of $3, in order to defray extra postages, &c.

Persons wishing to form clubs will apply for a circular of terms, &c.

The beautifully Illustrated Art Journal, giving full particulars, will be sent on receipt of 18 cents, in stamps or coin.

Address,
C. L. DERRY, Actuary C. A. A.,
546 and 548 Broadway, New York.

D. T. CALDWELL, Honorary Secretary, Altoona.

GRAND DISPLAY AT THE "MODEL."

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THE pleasure of announcing to their friends and customers as well as the public at large that they are now receiving their

FALL STOCK OF GOODS,

which have been selected with care and bought at prices which will enable us to offer inducements to purchasers. Our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Is large and varied, including all the newest styles of *Prints, Ginghams, Delaines, Poplins, Valencias, Plain and Printed Merinoes, Black and Fancy Silks, &c. Also, Shawls, Cloaks and Cloth Dusters,* which have been brought very low and will be sold at a small advance.

FOR THE GENTS,

We have Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Sattinets, Jeans, Tweeds, &c. Our stock of FLANNELS and DOMESTICS is large, consisting of Muslins, Ticklings, Denhams, Drillings, Bed Blankets and Comforts, &c.

We have also a fine stock of

GROCERIES & HARDWARE

Queensware, Wooden & Willow Ware,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Zephy Knit Goods, Gloves and Hosiery, and Notions of all kinds. We wish to call especial attention to our large stock of

All-Wool, Wool Filling, List and Rag Carpets,

Bought at Auction, and which we can offer at prices that will defy competition.

GROCERIES for sale by Wholesale at City prices with Freight only added.

All kinds of Country Produce taken at the highest market price. We respectfully invite all persons in want of cheap and good GOODS, to call and be convinced that we have a Model Stock at Model Prices.

Altoona, Oct. 13, '59. J. & J. LOWTHER.

LYON'S Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy.

THE UNIVERSAL PREFERENCE which is given to this brand shows that it is the only PURE BRANDY for

MEDICINAL PURPOSES

known, which is fully corroborated by all practicing physicians who have used it in their practice.

For Summer Complaints with Children,

A Cure is guarantied or the money will be refunded,

as it will effectually relieve that affliction, as well as

Diarrhœa & Bowel Complaint.

AS A BEVERAGE,

The pure article is altogether superior, and a sovereign and SURE REMEDY for

Dispepsia, Flatulency, Cramp, Colic, Languor, Low Spirits, General Debility, Nervousness, Liver Complaint, etc.

Physicians, who have used it in their practice, speak of it in the most flattering terms, as will be seen by reference to the numerous letters and certificates.

A. HART & CO., Proprietors, Cincinnati.

A. ROUSH,

Sole Wholesale and Retail Agent for Blair county.
Nov. 10, 1859.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

At McCormicks Store,

Just arrived, and I ask now being offered for sale, an extensive assortment of goods of all the different styles and qualities, which the Philadelphia market affords, in the way of dress goods for ladies together with all the more heavy Cotton and Woolen goods for Gentlemen and Boys wear, also a full stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

for men and Boys, of the best material and latest Styles, in the way of business, dress and over coats, with pants and vests to match. Also all the different varieties of goods, such as

Hardware,
Queensware,
Cedarware,
Tinware,
Stoneware, &c,

GROCERIES,

Family Syrups, Sugar Brown and White, Teas, &c., &c., with all the variety of spices necessary to make up a full assortment.

Men's fine and coarse Boots and Bootees,
Ladies' " " " with & without heels,

in all the different material, with a very pretty assortment of Bonnets.

ALSO MEN AND BOYS LEDGER HATS AND CAPS, and all other articles usually kept in country stores, all of which will be sold as low as in any other house in town for cash, or exchanged for any article of produce, which can be consumed here or exchanged in the East for others.

Altoona, Oct. 27th, '59.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he feels satisfied will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

SOLUTION OF CITRATE OF MAGNESIA—a cooling Cathartic, mild in its operation and agreeable to the taste, prepared and for sale by
June 24, 1858.-tf A. ROUSH, *Druggist.*

C. W. KIMBALL, & CO.,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES AND Produce, Rebecca St., Allegheny City, Pa.
Nov. 24, '59-2t.

PERSONS wanting change of climate for health. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands, in another column.

SHOE Business and Factories can be carried on profitably at Hammonton See advertisement of Hammonton Lands.

TO all wanting Farms. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands.

ALL WANTING FARMS IN A DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE, rich soil, and secure from frosts. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands in another column.

Iron City College

$40.00

Pays for a full course in the Iron City College, the largest, most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

Four Large Halls

For Writing, Commercial Calculations, Book Keeping and Lectures.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1,000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premium for Best Writing

Awarded this Institution. The best and greatest variety of Penmanship in any one Hall of the Union, a Hand book, 25. Ministers Sons received at half price.

For full information, Circular, Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing and Embellished View of the College, enclose five letter stamps to F. W. JENKINS.
Sept. 22, 1859.-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

JUST OPENED A STOCK OF

Entirely New Goods.

R. A. O. KERR

WOULD INFORM THE GOOD people of Altoona, the surrounding country, and the "rest of mankind," that he has just returned from the city with a large stock of NEW GOODS, which he offers at reasonable prices, at the stand formerly occupied by R. Kerr, and recently by W. O'Neall, on Main street. His stock is the only one in town which is

ENTIRELY NEW,

and he flatters himself that he has something to please the eye of of every lady, and suit the wants of every gentleman. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate all the articles on the shelves, (as to do so would require a whole newspaper,) but would say that he has everything in the line of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

which this meridian calls for, and all just suited to the season, together with a well selected assortment of Hotel Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Window Blinds, Shades, &c., which will commend themselves.

FOR GENTLEMEN,

he has a great variety—from which they can not fail to make a satisfactory selection. He has also a tip-top assortment of GROCERIES as good, fresh and cheap as can be had this side of the place of growing or manufacture. Also, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, and everything necessary to complete a store in a thriving town like Altoona.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, which he will at all times take pleasure in showing, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of just such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Goods ever exhibited in the town.

Altoona, Oct. 20, 1859.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR HEAD!

A poet gives the following advice to young men on going to parties:

In going to parties, just mind what your at:
Beware of your head and take care of your HAT:
Least you find that a favorite son of your mother,
Has an echo in the one and a brick in the other.

Speaking about hats and heads—the subscriber would respectfully announce that he has just returned from the city with a large and well selected stock of Men and Boys'

HATS AND CAPS, OF ALL STYLES,

FOR FALL AND WINTER,

of every color and shape. Also, a good assortment of

LADIES AND MISSES FURS,

of different varieties, all of which will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Persons in want of anything in the above line, will please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at the very lowest possible prices.

Store on Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church, Altoona, April 28, 1859-tf. JESSE SMITH.

A BOOK FOR EVERYBODY.—STARTLING DISCLOSURES.—Dr. TELLER'S great work for the married, or for those contemplating marriage—200 pages, full of PLATES. Price 25 cents—sent to all parts under seal, by mail, POST PAID. 600,000 copies sold the last year. The single, married, and the married happy. A Lecture on Love, or how to choose a mate: a complete work on Midwifery.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

It is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.

Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.

FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.

☞ Sold by G W Kessler and A Roush, Altoona; G A Jacobs, J K Patton and W G Murray, Hollidaysburg; and Berlin, Tyrone. [Aug. 25, 1859–1y

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WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S
DELAWARE STATE
LOTTERIES!
CAPITAL PRIZE $100,000

The following

MAGNIFICENT SCHEMES

will be drawn by WOOD, EDDY & Co., Managers, at Wilmington, Delaware, in public, under the superintendence of sworn commissioners appointed by the Governor.

DELAWARE LOTTERY,
CLASS NO. 678,
DRAWS ON SATURDAY, DEC. 31st, 1859.

78 *Numbers*—13 *Drawn Ballots.*

1 Grand Capital Prize of $100,000!

1 Prize of	$50,000	168 Prizes of			$520
1 " "	20,000	65 " "			125
3 " "	10,000	65 " "			100
3 " "	6,000	65 " "			80
3 " "	4,000	65 " "			50
3 " "	3,000	4,810 " "			40
3 " "	2,500	27,040 " "			20
100 " "	1,000				
	32,396 Prizes amounting to $1,156,785!				

NEARLY 1 PRIZE TO EVERY 2 TICKETS.
Whole Tickets $20; *Halves* $10; *Quarters* $5.

Certificates of Packages in the above scheme will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk:

Certificate of Packages of 26 Whole Tickets,			$209 00
" "	26 Half	"	149 50
" "	26 Quarter	"	74 75
" "	26 Eighth	"	37 37

SPLENDID SCHEME.
TO BE DRAWN
EACH WEDNESDAY IN DECEMBER.

Class 636 Draws Wednesday, December 7, 1859.
Class 648 Draws Wednesday, Dec. 14, 1859.
Class 660 Draws Wednesday, Dec. 21, 1859.
Class 672 Draws Wednesday, Dec. 28, 1859.

Nearly one Prize to every two Tickets!
78 Numbers--13 Drawn Ballots.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF $40,000!

1 Prize of	$15,000	65 Prizes of			100
1 " "	10,000	65 " "			80
1 " "	7,500	65 " "			50
1 " "	5,000	65 " "			40
1 " "	4,139	130 " "			30
26 Prizes of	1,250	4,680 " "			20
26 " "	500	27,040 " "			10
200 " "	300				
	32,396 Prizes amounting to $589,589.				

Whole Tickets $10—*Halves* $5—*Quarters* $2,50

Certificates of Packages in the above Scheme, to be drawn each Wednesday, will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk.

Certificate of Package of 26 Whole tickets			$149,50
" "	26 Half	"	74,75
" "	26 Quarter	"	37,37

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES, Enclose the amount of money to our address, for what you wish to purchase; name the Lottery in which you wish it invested, and whether you wish Wholes, Halves or Quarters, on receipt of which, we send what is ordered, by first mail, together with the scheme.

Immediately after the drawing, a printed drawing, certified to by the Commissioner, will be sent, with an explanation.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give the name of their Post Office, County and State.

All communications strictly confidential.

All prizes of $1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing, other prizes at the usual time of 40 days.

Our Single Number Lottery
CLASS 51.
CAPITAL PRIZE $100,000!

Drawn on Saturday, December 17, 1859.

Whole Tickets $20; Halves $10; Quarters $5.

Orders for Tickets or Certificates in the above Schemes to be directed to

WOOD, EDDY & Co., Wilmington, Delaware,
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., Augusta, Georgia.
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., Atalanta, Georgia.

☞ The Drawings of the Delaware State Lotteries are published in the New York Times and Herald.

DR. COGGSWELL'S NEW MEDICAL SALT.

Read the following Certificates to the Efficacy of this Medicine in Inflammatory Diseases.

"For the last twelve years I have been more or less troubled with Inflammatory Rheumatism, commencing early in the Spring, and lasting until cold weather set in, when I would be relieved for a while, only to be attacked again in the Spring. All my joints would swell and be very sore, attended with the most acute pain. My feet, shoulders, arms, and hands troubled me most, so much so that I could scarcely walk, and almost always required assistance in dressing. During this time I would try everything I could hear of, in the hope of finding a cure. Talso tried several physicians, but nothing seemed to help me the least in the world. About two and a half years ago I was attacked as usual, and as usual tried everything to get rid of it, but to no purpose. I kept growing worse, and finally had to give up and stay in the house, where I was confined about four weeks. This time my feet swelled, and were so sore that I could not stand on them or get on my boots, and my hands swelled to twice their natural size. In fact, I was, to all appearances and belief, totally used up. About this time my parents, who reside in Maine, sent for me to come home. I went and after my arrival I commenced trying another remedy, hoping to be cured, but resulting the same as all others. For weeks I had not been able to dress myself or to raise my hand to my head, and suffering the most excruciating pain all the time.—and suffering the most excruciating pain all the time.—One day my father came in with a paper in which was advertised Dr. Coggswell's MEDICAL SALT, for Inflammatory Diseases only, and wanted me to read and see what I tory Diseases only, and wanted me to read and see what I thought of it. I read and laughed at it, pronounced it a humbug, and told him that I had been humbugged enough. He kept urging me, and at last said I could but try it, and if I would write to Dr. C., giving him a description of my disease, he would pay the expense. Of course I could not refuse such an offer and sent for one box. It came in due season, but my faith was not increased, and I laughed at the idea of so small a dose doing me any good, and told my wife that I believed Dr. C. and his Salt both humbugs.—However, I commenced using it and the result was perfectly astonishing. I could hardly realise it myself. I slept soundly all night, which I had not done for a long time, and when I awoke in the morning, strange as it may seem, I was entirely free from pain. I had then taken but one dose, and bathed freely before going to bed. That morning I felt so well that I hardly knew how to contain myself, and went down stairs and told the folks how well I felt, and from that day to this I have not suffered one moment's pain or had an attack of my once dreaded enemy, Rheumatism. I am perfectly well and hearty, and wherever I have a chance I recommend it. A friend of mine, residing in Brooklyn, is now trying it for a bad case of neuralgic rheumatism, and so far it is working admirably.—This is a long story, but I have told all the facts, which I can bring witnesses to substantiate if necessary; and will again say that in the MEDICAL SALT, a sure cure may be found for all inflammatory diseases, and would urge all who are afflicted to give it a trial. GEO. H. DUNCAN,
No. 117 Wall Street, New York.

When it is remembered that the MEDICAL SALT is as efficacious in all other Inflammatory diseases as in Rheumatism, (see descriptive circulars) it will at once be seen that it is a most valuable remedy. Surely those thus afflicted will find in their own condition and in the above statements enough to induce them to give the MEDICAL SALT a trial.

Price $1,00; Chronic packages, $2.50.

D. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
General Agents, No. 202 Dock Street, Philadelphia.

For sale in Altoona by A. ROUSH; at Bells Mills by B. F. Bell; in Hollidaysburg by Geo. A. Jacobs, and by all enterprising Druggists, and wherever the *Tribune* goes.—Call or send and get a circular, and do not fail to try the New Medical Salt.

Dec. 16, '59-1y.

WEST ALTOONA CABINET WARE ROOM.—The undersigned has lately made arrangements to do business on a more extensive scale than heretofore, and is now prepared to execute all

ORDERS FOR FURNITURE,
OF ANY KIND,
AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

His workmen are acknowledged to be capable of doing *The very best work in the line of Cabinet Making*,

and all those who entrust him with their orders may rely upon receiving finished work.

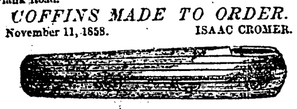
He keeps a constant supply of Furniture on hand, to which he invites to attention of those intending to

"GO TO HOUSE-KEEPING."

Call on him at at his room in Loudonsville, near the Plank Road.

COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

November 11, 1858. ISAAC CROMER.



FISK'S METALIC BURIAL CASES.—This is a new article in this section of the country, although extensively used in the East. They are a sure protection against

WATER AND VERMIN,

and possess many other advantages over the common coffins. The remains of the lamented CLAY and WEBSTER were encased in these cases.

For sale by ISAAC CROMER,
November 11, 1858. Altoona, Pa.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT FROM THE
Quaker City Publishing House!
100,000 Catalogues,
NEW, ENLARGED AND REVISED—NOW READY FOR DISTRIBUTION.

Superior Inducements to the Public!

☞ A new and sure plan for obtaining GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, and other valuable Prizes. Full particulars given in Catalogues, which will be sent free to all upon application.

Valuable Gifts, worth from 50 cts. to $100, GUARANTEED to each purchaser. $100,000 in Gifts have been distributed to my patrons within the past six months—$150,000 to be distributed during the next six months.

The inducements offered Agents are more liberal than those of any other house in the business.

Having been in the Publishing and Bookselling business for the last eight years, my experience enables me to conduct the Gift Enterprise with the greatest satisfaction to all.

☞ AGENTS WANTED in every Town and County. For full particulars address DUANE RULISON
Quaker City Publishing House, 33 South Third St.,
Sept. 22, '59–4m. Philadelphia. Pa.

RED LION HOTEL,
ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

This old established and popular HOTEL, located nearly opposite the place of stopping the passenger cars in Altoona, has passed into the hands of the present proprietor.—Long experience in the business warrants me in assuring the travelling public that no pains will be spared to render guests as comfortable as possible while sojourning under my roof.

The TABLE will constantly be supplied with the very best the market affords.

The BAR will be found to contain an excellent assortment of LIQUORS of all kinds, including that choice beverage *LAGER BEER.*

The STABLE is in charge of an excellent and experienced Ostler.

The proprietor hopes, by his long experience in the business and the facilities at his command, to make the Red Lion, in all respects, a first class Hotel. The business of the Hotel will be under my own personal supervision. A liberal share of public patronage is kindly solicited.

JOHN W. SCHWEIGERT, *Proprietor.*
May 19, 1859.–tf

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
R. E. SELLERS' Imperial Cough Syrup,
Hoofland's German Bitters,
Bærhave's Holland Bitters,
Sandford's Liver Invigorator,
Lindsey's Blood Searcher,
Clarke's Female Pills,
Duponco's Golden Pills,
Wright's, Ayer's, Wilson's and McLane's Pills,
Merchant's Gargling Oil,
Perry Davis' Pain Killer,
Matchett's Fourfold Liniment,
Mexican, Arabian, Nerve and Bone Leniment,
in store and for sale at
Sept. 2, 1858–tf.] A. ROUSH'S Drug Store.

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,
Dec. 11, 1856–tf. Masonic Temple.

CREAM TARTER, SUPER-CARBONATE of Soda, Saleratus, Washing Soda, Durkee's Baking Powder, in store and for sale at
Sept. 2, '58–tf.] A. ROUSH'S Drug Store.

SELLING OFF—A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Boots and Shoes, Buffalo and Call Overshoes, at H. TUCH'S
Dec. 9, 1858.

CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID, Linseed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, White Lead and Alcohol, for sale cheap at A. ROUSH'S.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

PERSONS wishing to establish Manufactories in a new and thriving place where business is good. See advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement.

CARPET BAGS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, &c., can be bought cheaper at H. TUCH'S than at any other place in the country. [Dec. 9, 1858.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM,
NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA.,

WHERE MAY BE HAD ALL THE popular Publications of the day, as follows:

New York Ledger,
New York Mercury,
New York Weekly,
Scientific American,
New York Waverly,
Flag of Our Union,
True Flag,
American Union,
Saturday Evening Post,
Dollar Newspaper,
Sunday Dispatch,
Sunday Mercury,
Waverly Magazine,
Frank Leslie's Pictorial,
Harper's Weekly,
Ballou's Pictorial,
Frank Leslie's Ill. German Paper,
The Illustrated World, (German,)
The New York Clipper,
National Police Gazette,
United States Police Gazette,
Boston Pilot, *Irish American,*
Home Journal, *Banner of Light,*
Spiritual Telegraph, *Weekly Tribune,*
Porter's Spirit, *Life Illustrated,*
Frank Leslie's Budget of Fun, *Yankee Notions,*
Altoona Tribune. *Nix Nax.*

DAILIES:

Philadelphia Press, *New York Herald,*
Public Ledger, *New York Tribune,*
Pittsburgh True Press, *New York Times.*
North American, *Pittsburgh Chronicle,*
Evening Bulletin, Evening Argus, Pennsylvanian.

To which will be added the new publications as they appear. Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books. School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact every thing in the Stationary line. Toys. Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, &c.

☞ A choice lot of CONFECTIONERIES, of every variety. Also, TOBACCO and SEGARS of the best quality.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent. in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does *positively* cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it.
7-tf.] H. FETTINGER.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
At McCormicks Store,

Just arrived, and are now being offered for sale, an extensive assortment of goods of all the different styles and qualities, which the Philadelphia market affords, in the way of dress goods for Ladies together with all the more heavy Cotton and Woolen goods for Gentlemen and Boys wear, also a full stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

for men and Boys, of the best material and latest Styles, in the way of business, dress and over coats, with pants and vests to match. Also all the different varieties of goods, such as

Hardware,
Queensware,
Cedarware,
Tinware,
Stoneware, &c,

GROCERIES,

Family Syrups, Sugar Brown and White, Teas, &c., &c., with all the variety of spices necessary to make up a full assortment.

Men's fine and coarse Boots and Bootees,
Ladies " " " with & without heels,

in all the different material, with a very pretty assortment of Bonnets.

ALSO MEN AND BOYS LEDGER HATS AND CAPS, and all other articles usually kept in country stores, all of which will be sold as low as in any other house in town for cash, or exchanged for any article of produce, which can be consumed here, or exchanged in the East for others.

Altoona, Oct. 27th, '59.

EIGHT REASONS
WHY
EVERYBODY SHOULD GO TO
C. B. SINK'S STORE.

1. HE HAS A LARGE AND WELL selected assortment of Dry Goods, which are worth going to see.

2. He has an unequalled stock of *GROCERIES*, fresh and pure, which he will sell as reasonable as any merchant in the place.

3. He has *Hardware, Queensware, Stoneware, &c.*, of the most fashionable styles.

4. He has a large case of *Boots and Shoes* for Gents, Ladies, Misses and Children, embracing all sizes, qualities and prices.

5. He has a fine stock of *HATS* for Summer wear—just the pink of the fashion—all very cheap.

6. He keeps always on hand an assortment of *Ready-Made Clothing*, to suit the season.

7. He has on hand a large stock of *Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings*, which he will make up to order on short notice in a fashionable style, and at prices which must give satisfaction.

8. He don't ask people to come and buy—only to come and examine his stock, feeling confident that if they but examine they will buy without asking.

Altoona, May 5, 1859.–tf

GREAT OPENING
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
GOODS.

J. B. HILEMAN HAS JUST RECEIVED and opened at his old stand, on Virginia st., a large and attractive assortment of seasonable goods, comprising all the novelties in

EREGES, DUCALS, LAWNS, GINGHAMS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, and all varieties and textures of *LADIES DRESS GOODS,*

together with a full assortment of goods for gentlemen's wear, such as Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Also a full stock of Hardware, Queensware and

GROCERIES,

and an assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITORS, &C.,

of all sizes and styles, which equal to any in the market, and will be sold at fair prices.

Having recently enlarged my store-room, I can now display my largely increased stock to better advantage and would respectfully invite everybody to call.

May 12, 1859.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.–1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

September 3, '57–tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

THE HAMMONTON FARMER.—A newspaper devoted to Literature and Agriculture, also setting forth full accounts of the new settlement of Hammonton, in New Jersey, can be subscribed for at only 25 cents per annum.

Inclose postage stamps for the amount. Address to Editor of the Farmer, Hammonton, P. O. Atlantic Co., New Jersey. Those wishing cheap land, of the best quality, in one of the healthiest and most delightful climates in the Union, and where crops are never cut down by frosts, the terrible scourge of the north, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—THE UNdersigned has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

Jan. 2, '56–tf] J. SHOEMAKER.

PERSONS wanting change of climate for health. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands, in another column.

SOLUTION OF CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.—a cooling Cathartic, mild in its operation and agreeable to the taste, prepared and for sale by
June 24, 1858.–tf A. ROUSH, *Druggist.*

NEW AGRICULTURAL SETTLEMENT.—*To all wanting Farms, a rare opportunity in a delightful and healthy climate 25 miles Southeast of Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad New Jersey.*

An old estate consisting of several thousands of acres of *productive soil* has been divided into Farms of various sizes to suit its purchaser. A population of some *Fifteen Hundred*, from various parts of the Middle States and New England have settled there the past year, improved their places, *and raised excellent crops.* The price of the land is at the low sum of from $15 to $20 per acre, the soil is of the best quality for the production of *Wheat, Clover, Corn, Peaches, Grapes and Vegetables.* IT IS CONSIDERED THE BEST FRUIT SOIL IN THE UNION. The place is perfectly secure from frosts—the destructive enemy of the farmer. Crops of grain, grass and fruit are now growing and can be seen. By examining the place itself, a correct judgment can be formed of the productiveness of the land. The terms are made easy to secure the rapid improvement of the land, which is only sold for *actual improvement.* The result has been, that within the past year, *some three hundred houses* have been erected, two mills, one steam. four stores, some forty vineyards and Peach orchards, planted, and a large number of other improvements, making it a desirable and active place of business.

THE MARKET,

as the reader may perceive from its location, is the

BEST IN THE UNION.

Produce bringing double the prices than in locations away from the city, and more than double the price than the West. It is known that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables in this latitude come from New Jersey, and are annually exported to the extent of millions.

In locating here, the settler has many advantages. He is within a few hours ride of the great cities of New England and Middle States, he is near his old friends and associations, he is in a *settled country where every improvement of comfort and civilization is at hand.* He can buy every article he wants at the cheapest price, and sell his produce for the highest, (in the latter this is reversed.) he has schools for his children, *divine service*, and will enjoy an open winter, and delightful climate, where fevers are utterly unknown. The result of the change upon those from the north, has generally been to restore them to an excellent state of health.

In the way of building and improving, lumber can be obtained at the mills at the rate of $10 to $15 per thousand. Bricks from the brick yard opened in the place, every article can be procured in the place, good carpenters are at hand, and there is no place in the Union where buildings and improvements can be made cheaper.

The reader will at once be struck with the advantages there presented, and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before. The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine the land before purchasing. This all are expected to do. They will see land under cultivation, such is the extent of the settlement that they will no doubt, meet persons, from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements and can judge the character of the population. If they come with a view to settle, they should come prepared to stay a day or two and be ready to purchase, as locations cannot be held on refusal.

There are two daily trains to Philadelphia, and to all settlers who improve, the Railroad Company gives a Free Ticket for six months, and a half-price Ticket for three years.

THE TOWN OF HAMMONTON.

In connection with the agricultural settlement, a new and thriving town has naturally arisen, *which presents inducements for any kind of business, particularly stores and manufactories. The Shoe business* could be carried on in this place and market to good advantage, also cotton business, and manufactories of *agricultural implements* or *Foundries casting small articles.* The improvement has been so rapid as to insure a constant and permanent increase of business. Town lots of a good size, we do not sell small ones, as it would effect the improvement of the place, can be had at from $100 and upwards.

The *Hammonton Farmer*, a monthly literary and agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

Title indisputable—warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumbrance when money is paid. Route to the land, leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia for Hammonton by Railroad, at 7½ A. M., or 4½ P. M. Fare 90 cents. When there inquire for Mr. Byrnes. Boarding conveniences on hand. Parties had better stop with Mr. Byrnes, a principal, until they have decided as to purchasing, as he will show them over the land in his carriage, free of expense Letters and applications can be addressed to Landis & Byrnes, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic Co., New Jersey, or S. B. Coughlin, 202 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.—Maps and information cheerfully furnished.

[June 30 '59–6m.]

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally that he has just received a LARGE and HANDSOME assortment of

CLOTHS,
AND
Cassimeres,
VESTINGS,

which he is now and is prepared to the latest style & manner, as none but are employed, and be warranted to He has also a good

FURNISHING GOODS,

such as SHIRTS, COLLARS, UNDERSHIRTS, Drawers, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Stocks, Suspenders, Hosiery, &c., &c.; also a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, all of which he is determined to sell as cheap as they can be bought this side of Philadelphia. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock, as I shall take pleasure in showing them. Doors open at all times from 6 A. M. until 9 P. M. Admittance free.

offering for sale, make them up in most durable manner, the best workmen all work made will give satisfaction. Stock of GENTS' GOODS,

May 5' 1859–tf THOMAS ELWAY.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use. The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858–tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Rees, at the west end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.—Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance;

☞ The Williamsburg stage, which makes daily trips between this place and Williamsburg, stops at the Logan Hotel.

Dec. 17, 1857,—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

BY ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—Did you hear the news from Europe? If you have not, we will tell you what it is. It is that HENRY TUCH has just returned from the Eastern cities with a large supply of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

consisting of all styles and qualities of Overcoats, Dress Coats, Vests, Pants, Boots and Shoes, and everything kept in an establishment of the kind, all of which he offers at unprecedentedly low prices for cash. Having purchased his stock at cash prices, he is thereby enabled to sell very low.

He invites all those in want of anything in his line to give him a call, feeling sure that he will be able to give satisfaction. HENRY TUCH.

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1858.–tf

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS! In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the lowest possible standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, in every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.

JOHN KEIFFER,
Dec. 17, tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

CONCENTRATED LYE, FOR MAKING Soft Soap, and Soap Powder for Washing, one pound equal to six of common Soap; Castile Soap, Palm Soap, Chemical Soap, etc., on hand and for sale at
June 10, 1858.–tf] A. ROUSH'S.

LIQUORS.—A LARGE AMOUNT of well selected LIQUORS has been received at the "LOGAN HOUSE," Hollidaysburg, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail. The man who wants has only to call. [Dec. 17, tf.

QUEENSWARE, JUST RECEIVED. A large and fashionable assortment at the store of J. B HILEMAN.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by
1–tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by
Oct. 15-tf.] J. B. HILEMAN.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Stash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

MARIA L. DE PEYSTER MEMORIAL SCHOOL.

This institution, which is located in Altoona, Blair County, Penn'a, will be opened on the 1st MONDAY in MAY. It is intended as a permanent School, and will connect with it a Male & Female Department. In the Male department, young men will be instructed with a view to their entering the advanced classes of our best Colleges; or, if desired, their education completed. In the Female department, instruction will be given in any, or all of the different branches, either *solid* or *ornamental*, taught in our best Female Seminaries.

The year will be divided into two Sessions of five months each—the Summer Session to commence on the 1st Monday of May, ending on the last Wednesday of September—the Winter Session to commence on the 1st Monday in November, ending on the last Wednesday of March. The Sessions will be divided into two quarters of eleven weeks each. Terms, per quarter, as follows—viz.:

SOLID BRANCHES.

Primary (including Reading, Writing, Orthography, Arithmetic, Grammar, and Geography, &c.)	$4,00
Advanced (Including the Natural Sciences, Mathematics, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, the Languages and Composition &c.)	$5,00

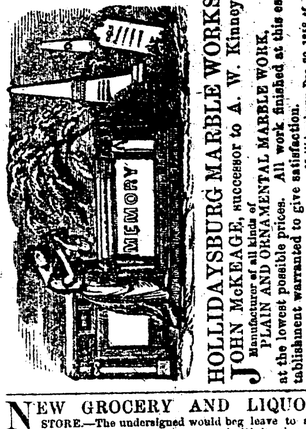
EXTRA, OR ORNAMENTAL BRANCHES.

Music (Including use of instrument)	$10,00
Drawing,	$3,00
Painting (In water Colors)	2,00
Needle work,	2,00

Instructions in vocal music gratis. One half the above charges, to be paid invariably in advance.

R. W. OLIVER, *Superintendent Male Dep't.*
A. B. CLARK, " *Female* "
Mr. ——— *Principal of Male* "
Miss C. M. CLARK, " *Female* "

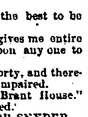
March 10, 1850.–tf



HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, SUCCESSOR TO A. W. KINNEY,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1858–tf.

NEW GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned would beg leave to announce to the citizens of Blair county and vicinity that he has opened his new Store *on Virginia street, three doors below the Superintendent's Office*, where he has just received from the East and West a large assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,



consisting as follows:

French Otard Brandy, Cognac Brandy, Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Old Burgundy Wine, Old Port Wine, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gins Old Rye Whiskey, Monongahela Whiskey, and Rhine Wine,

which he has himself imported. Retailers of Liquors and Farmers will find it to their advantage to buy of him, as he will sell at CITY PRICES.

He will also keep constantly on hand an assortment of

GROCERIES,

Such as Flour, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Syrup, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or Country Produce.

Our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

LOUIS PLACK.

Altoona, May 26, 1859.–tf

PERSONS wishing to change their business to a rapidly increasing Country, a New Settlement where hundreds are going. Where the climate is mild and delightful. See advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement, in another column.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY just published Gratis the 25th Thousand.

A few words on the Rational Treatment, without Medicine of Spermatorrhœa or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency and Impediments to marriage generally, by B. De Laney, M. D.

The important fact that many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 68 East 31st Street, New York City.

Sept. 22, '59–3m.

GRAPE growers can carry on their business most successfully at Hammonton, free from frosts. Some forty Vineyards set out the past season. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands, in another column.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,
The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to lift me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26–3m JACOB SNYDER.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

Photographs of deceased persons,

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses,

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and All